THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
ESTABLISHED IN 1869.
PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY.
Office, North Carolinian Building, Main Street,
One door east of Albemarle House.
Terms, $1.00 a Year, in Advance.
If not paid in advance $1.50 will be charged.
RATES OF ADVERTISING:
One square, one insertion, $1.00; two insertions, $1.50; one month, $2.00; three months, $4.00; six months, $8.00; one year, $12.00.
For larger advertisements liberal contracts will be made.
Business Notices in local column, ten cents a line. Obituary Notices, five cents a line.

The North Carolinian.

PALEMON JOHN, Editor and Proprietor. Devoted to the Interests of the City, the County and the District. TERMS---$1.00 a Year, in Advance.

VOLUME XXX. ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., WEDNESDAY, JUNE 1, 1898. NUMBER 2.

THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
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SPANISH STRATEGY BLOCKED.

Madrid Rejoices Over News That Cervera Reached Santiago de Cuba and Then Sailed Away Safely.

SAMPSON HEMMED HIM IN

Blockade Effective and Starving Havana Cannot Be Relieved by Land or Sea.

Sampson and Schley Steamed at Top Speed From Different Quarters to Give Cervera Battle—The News From Cuba Stirred Up Things at Washington—When the Navy Department Got the News That the Spanish Squadron was at Santiago the Strategy Board Met to Consider Plans For Crushing It—Reasons Why It Was Believed That the Dons Could Not Escape From West Indian Waters Without a Fight.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The reported arrival of the Spanish Cape Verde squadron at Santiago de Cuba was not credited by the Navy Department officials until late Friday afternoon, so much had its appearance at that port without the semblance of an encounter with the American fleet now in Cuban waters upset the calculations and disappointed the hopes of

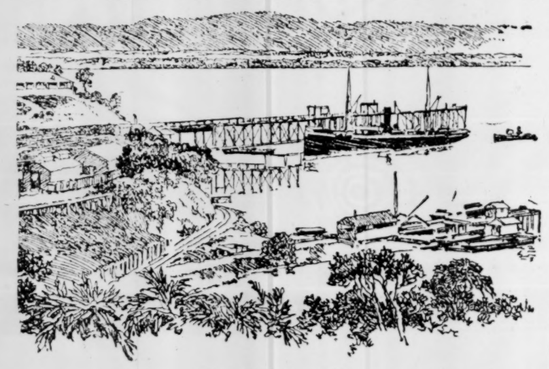
ADMIRAL CERVERA.
(Commander of the Spanish fleet for the relief of Havana.)

naval experts here. The following bulletin was posted at the close of office hours:

The Department has information which is believed to be authentic that the Spanish squadron under Admiral Cervera is at Santiago de Cuba.

Though Admiral Sampson has been left free to work out his own campaign plans in the West Indies, it was the judgment of the Naval Advisory Board that after hearing of the sighting of the Spanish cruisers off Curacoa he had moved a part of his fleet south through the Windward Passage so as to intercept Admiral Cervera should the latter try to reach either Cienfuegos or Santiago.

While no official confirmation could be had of Key West dispatches indicating the



SANTIAGO DE CUBA.

presence of Admiral Sampson's warships off that station, there were many reasons to believe that the American commander was in reality several hundred miles away from Santiago, and that the zone of naval operations had been greatly narrowed by Admiral Cervera's bold dash north.

Whether some single ship of the Spanish squadron merely touched at Santiago or whether the Spanish Admiral carried his whole command into the harbor is not definitely known here, but for reasons of their own Navy Department officials, though suspicious of naval news of any sort originating in Madrid, are disposed to think that the Spanish forces have at last come within short range of the Cuban coast, prepared to risk the relief of Havana on a single flight.

Admiral Sampson in a despatch to the Navy Department confirmed the Madrid reports of the arrival of Admiral Cervera and his Cape Verde squadron at Santiago de Cuba. The battleship Oregon and gunboat Marietta are with Sampson. If Cervera should attempt to make Cienfuegos it was believed Commodore Schley would be able to intercept him. At Santiago it was impossible for Cervera to land supplies for Blanco, as Havana is 500 miles away and there is no railroad communication between the two cities.

A Madrid special to the London Chronicle announced that after getting coal and water at Santiago de Cuba Admiral Cervera would "proceed as ordered," meaning to Havana.

A correspondent at San Domingo City cables that the Spanish Governor of Porto Rico wired to the Spanish Consul-General at San Domingo that a Spanish squadron (Cervera's) had arrived at Santiago, Cuba. The Spanish Senate unanimously adopted a resolution extending congratulations to Admiral Cervera.

Berlin newspapers regard Cervera's exploit of running into Santiago a strategic victory over Sampson, the result of brilliant seamanship and a distinct gain for the Spanish cause.

The London Chronicle's despatch from Kingston, Jamaica, says that four vessels of Schley's squadron renewed the attack on Santiago de Cuba, that the bombardment was heavy and the result in doubt.

Cuban refugees at Kingston report that the insurgent forces of Generals Mindes and Castillo are closing in on Santiago de Cuba and making nightly forays within six miles of the city.

SAMPSON'S OPERATIONS.

Formed a Junction With Schley and Then Sailed in Quest of the Dons.

KEY WEST, Fla. (Special).—Rear Admiral Sampson, with the division of the North Atlantic Squadron under his command which attacked San Juan, Porto Rico, returned to Key West, where he effected a junction with the Flying Squadron under Commodore Schley. This means that he has under his orders the battle-ships Iowa, Indiana and Massachusetts, second-class battle-ship Texas and armored cruisers Brooklyn and New York, which makes him superior by two armor clads to the Spanish fleet.

Knowing that Rear Admiral Sampson could be depended on to prevent Admiral Cervera from sailing north, orders were quickly despatched from Washington to Commodore Schley to put to sea. The commander of the Flying Squadron's instructions were to sail around Cuba to the west and to find Cervera's fleet and capture or destroy it. Commodore Schley was instructed to use his utmost endeavors to prevent the Spanish fleet from entering the harbor of Cienfuegos or Havana.

The Cuban blockade on the south coast has not been broken. Commodore Watson is maintaining it with his fleet of small ships.

VOLUNTEERS AT CHICKAMAUGA.

Over 30,000 Soldiers Encamped on the Famous Battlefield.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn. (Special).—Never since the days of battle in September, 1863, have there been such stirring scenes at Chickamauga Park as are now enacting there. The encampment of 8000 regulars did not add to these fields the warlike suggestiveness that has been apparent since the arrival of the volunteers. More than 30,000 men are now encamped there. Every train brings in its new consignment of boys in blue. Over toward the east is a white tented city that is four miles long. There is no time during the day when the fanfare of trumpets and the music of military bands are not heard. Columns of troops are continually marching along the roads. Officers in finery of gold lace and epaulets are galloping to and fro, and the the animated scene forces upon one the realistic consciousness that the spirit of war is abroad and that it is a war that means business.

Fifty-three regiments of volunteers are mobilized here. In the way the army is being put into shape, three brigades go to form a division and three regiments form a brigade. Three divisions are the regulation number placed in an army corps. As twenty-seven regiments will be consumed in the organization of a corps, nearly, if not quite, two corps will be mobilized here.

The work of organization is now going on steadily in Chickamauga Park, and order is being rapidly brought out of the seeming chaos of the last few days. Exercises in practical instruction are held daily. Field and battle exercises are held also. The time allotted to practical instruction is divided among the various exercises at the discretion of brigade or regimental commanders, having due regard to the principle that short, brisk, spirited drills give the best results.

Volunteers from New York have joined the big army at Camp Thomas. The Twelfth Infantry, New York Volunteers, came in over the Southern Railway, tired and dusty, after a hot night in the crowded cars. The Fourteenth New York Infantry, under Colonel Fred Grant, went into camp Friday morning. The vigorous-looking men from the Empire State came in for a large share of attention as they sauntered about the streets.

The little postoffice at Lytle, Ga., which handles the Chickamauga mail, is bustling. During the past several days a force of five men have been at work. Thirty thousand letters are received daily at the office. The outgoing daily mail numbers more than 15,000 letters.

The men of the Fifth Illinois believe their regiment will be the first to go to Cuba, as their equipment and other indications seem to point that way. The Fourth Pennsylvania has for each company a mess tent, where all the men can be fed at once. The tents are relics of camp life in the National Guard days. Some of the men of the Third Wisconsin caught a razor-backed hog running at large in their camp, killed and dressed it and sent it to the Colonel, labelling it "wild rabbit."

The railroad car which arrived Friday containing the officers of the last battalion of the One Hundred and Fifty-eighth Indiana had on one side a streamer "God be with you," and on the other "Remember the Maine." Some of the companies are, at best, rather shabbily clad, but a coat, or a pair of trousers, or a cap, or a belt only, is often all that the "recruity" has to enable him to look war-like. Some have not even so much as a brass button. With the Ohio First Cavalry, the first of the volunteer regiments to arrive, there were a large number, probably more than half of the command, whose connection with the troops was shown only by a yellow silk handkerchief wound around the neck.

WITH THE REGULARS AT TAMPA.

Sixteen Thousand Men Under the Command of General Wade.

TAMPA, Fla. (Special).—From the 6000 men that composed the army when General Wade took command, the force has grown to 16,000, not counting the volunteers, most of whom are now, however, at Lakeland.

All movements looking to immediate departure have been checked, and the troops are working hard at their drills and camp duties, as if war was not at all near.

The troops here are so healthy that out of 6000 only 189, or less than two per cent. are on the sick list.

The boys of the Seventy-first Regiment of New York took possession of their camp ground at Lakeland Friday, and soon the place was transformed into a tented town. The camp is on a ridge at an elevation of 200 feet, and is a famous Florida resort. The tents are pitched in a large grove of magnificent pines, and the ground slopes gently toward the lake. Every man has a soft bed of pine needles.

THE STATE ENCAMPMENTS.

Scenes at Camp Voorhees, Camps Black and Townsend and Camp Haven.

CAMP VOORHEES, Sea Girt, N. J. (Special). The virtual dissolution of Camp Voorhees as a military post for New Jersey's first quota of volunteers for the war with Spain began when the First Regiment, Colonel E. A. Campbell, commanding, marched out of camp to the railroad depot, en route for Falls Church, Va., four miles from Washington, on the banks of the Potomac River.

GOVERNOR VOORHEES.

The regiment was reviewed previous to its departure from the post by Governor Voorhees, Major-General Plume and his staff, and upon its leaving the camp was transferred to the railroad station by the Third Regiment, Colonel Benjamin A. Lee, and Second Regiment, Colonel Edwin W. Hine, commanding. While on its way the entire brigade paid the Governor the compliment of a marching salute.

The spectacle was impressive. Governor Voorhees stood with bared head as the 3300 soldiers passed the reviewing post.

NEW YORKERS SWORN IN.

Provisional Regiment Takes the Oath of Allegiance at Camp Black.

CAMP BLACK, Hempstead, L. I. (Special).—The First Provisional Regiment was mustered into service Friday at 2 o'clock p. m. The regiment was marched to the field and drawn up in battalion formation, and by companies sworn in. Colonel Barber was the last to take the oath and, after formally receiving command of the regiment as a body of the volunteer army, marched the men to their quarters.

In almost perfect order, and amid cheers that reverberated throughout the camp, the Sixty-fifth Regiment of Buffalo left here for its new station, at Munson's Hill, Va., near Washington, at 2 o'clock Friday.

Among the assignments of Brig adier-Generals made was that of Brigadier-General Alex. C. M. Pennington to command camp at Hempstead.

Troops A and C, New York Cavalry, were mustered in at Camp Black and started south. The entire 10,000 men at Camp Black, except two regiments have now been mustered into the United States service.

Volunteers at Peekskill.

CAMP TOWNSEND, Peekskill, N. Y. (Special).—The Eighth Regiment, N. G. N. Y., is the Eighth Regiment, New York Volunteers, the last battalion being sworn into the service of the United States, and the oath taken by Colonel Henry Chauncey, Jr., and his staff. The regiment has mounted its own guard, and, to all intents and purposes, is a thing apart from the camp and under United States regulations

BATTLESHIP OREGON.

CONNECTICUT MUSTERED IN.

The State's Quota of Volunteers Ready For Active Service.

CAMP HAVEN, Niantic, Conn. (Special).—This State has now its full force of men mustered into the volunteer service and ready for assignment to active duty. The quota is made up of one regiment of infantry, 840 men and officers, commanded by Colonel Burdett, of Hartford, Captain Andrew Hammond, of the United States Regular Army, being Lieutenant-Colonel; Light Artillery Battery A, 125 men, Captain Honce, of Guilford; Heavy Artillery Battery B, 156 men, Captain F. G. Breckbill, of Bridgeport, and Heavy Artillery Battery C, 150 men, Captain Francis G. Beach, of New Haven.

THE OREGON A MARVEL.

After a Wonderful Trip the Floating Fortress is Safe in Home Waters.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The battleship Oregon has now passed the danger line and has joined her sister ships in Cuban waters. The big battleship was seen and reported by the United States Consul at Barbadoes, passing that point at full speed. The fact that she did not call in there is simply proof that Captain Clark was in no need of coal and was not letting the barnacles grow on his ship's bottom while running to the assistance of Sampson and Schley.

The Oregon left Bahia, Brazil, on May 8 and covered 2578 miles between that point and the Barbadoes within eleven days.

No apprehension is entertained that the battleship will run out of coal, as Captain Clark, her commander, before the departure of the vessel from Bahia loaded her bunkers to their utmost capacity and besides took on a deck load in order that there might be no need for his stopping at any of the West Indies to renew his supply.

It was fifty-seven days ago when this great floating fortress of steel left San Francisco. Since that time she has traversed nearly 13,000 miles of sea, passing through every climate, from north temperate to torrid, to south temperate to frigid, to south temperate and torrid again, and finally into our own waters.

On one stretch of 6200 miles she steamed continuously without stopping for coal or for anything else.

GUARDING POWDER MILLS.

Pennsylvania Troops on Duty at Dover, and Pompton, N. J.

POMPTON, N. J. (Special).—A battalion of the Second Pennsylvania Regiment, numbering 400 men, who have been detailed to guard the American Smokeless Powder Works and the H. J. Smith Electrical Works, arrived here and went into camp.

The smokeless powder mills are working night and day hurrying out the orders for the Government, and the Smith electrical concern is under contract with the Government to manufacture fuses for the explosion of torpedoes and shells.

DOVER, N. J. (Special).—The second battalion of the Second Pennsylvania infantry, 400 strong, with field rations and field and camp equipment, arrived here to guard the United States powder mill.

Spain Fears Attack.

Madrid correspondents of London newspapers note signs that the Spanish fear that we will raid their coasts. Vigilance committees ashore and afloat are watching the entrances to her harbors. The fortifications and the garrisons of the Canaries, the Balearics and Ceuta are to be strengthened immediately.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Washington Items.

Volunteers will receive pay from the date of their enrollment, and those destined for the Philippines will get a month's pay in advance.

The Treasury Department is making preparations for the collection of tariff duties in the Philippines.

President McKinley has nominated William W. Rockhill Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to Greece. He is now Consul-General. The President nominated the Consuls at Hongkong, Stockholm and Antwerp to be Consul-Generals.

The State Department has made formal response to the Austrian Government as to the Hungarians killed at Hazleton, Penn., in the riots of last fall. The position taken by our Government is that it was not responsible, under the circumstances, for the killing.

The Carnegie and Bethlehem companies furnished bids for supplying armor for the battleships Alabama, Illinois and Wisconsin at $400 a ton.

Russia, the Netherlands, Greece, Venezuela and Canada have declared their neutrality.

The Secretary of War asked $5,000,000 for subsistence of the army, making $31,000,000 for the War Department, to be included in the General Deficiency bill.

Mrs. William H. Hoak, whose husband, a private in Company F, Second Wisconsin Volunteers, died at Camp Harvey, May 15, has applied for a pension. This is the first application since the breaking out of the war. Mrs. Hoak will receive $12 a month.

Representative Robbins, of Pennsylvania, has been appointed a captain and assistant quartermaster in the volunteer army.

Captain E. H. C. Leutze has been assigned to the command of the monitor Monterey, which is to join Admiral Dewey's fleet.

General Miles recommended that Lieutenant A. S. Rowan be made a lieutenant-colonel as a reward for services rendered in his recent trip to General Gomez.

Two $1000 bills have been received by Secretary Gage to be turned into the "Conscience Fund," and this deposition was made of them.

The State Department has been notified that the Government of Bolivia has declared neutrality between Spain and the United States, making the twentieth Government that has taken that action.

Speaker Reed appointed Messrs. Hull, of Iowa; Adams, of Pennsylvania, and Tate, of Georgia, visitors to the West Point Military Academy, and Messrs. Hilborn, of California; Wagner, of Pennsylvania, and Wheeler, of Kentucky, visitors to the Naval Academy.

President McKinley nominated Charles F. Stanton, of Connecticut, to be Collector of Customs, Stonington, Conn., and Edward Ellis, of California, to be Assayer of the Mint at San Francisco.

An understanding has been reached between the representatives of France in Washington and State Department officials which is said to remove all possibility of an estrangement between the two nations.

Six young women have been selected from 700 applicants for nurses on the hospital ship John Englis.

The Secretary of War has asked for an additional appropriation of $88,638,840 for the support of the regular and volunteer armies for six months from June 30, 1898. The estimates and appropriations already made on account of the war aggregate $285,210,840.

Domestic.

The British steamer Ardanmhor was seized and taken into Key West on suspicion of attempting to run the blockade at Havana, but was released.

The first division drill and review of the soldiers at Chickamauga Park has taken place, with 9000 men in line. So large a force has not been massed together for review in this country since the Civil War.

The body of Mary Rawlins, the eleven-year-old West Hoboken (N. J.) girl who disappeared after failing to pass her confirmation examination, was found in the Hudson River.

Troops A and C, of New York City, reached Camp Alger, at Falls Church, Va., and were warmly greeted. They were appointed General Graham's personal guard.

Thomas Speer, of Cincinnati, Ohio, in a fit of jealously, fatally shot his wife and then himself. He is dead.

Six men concerned in the construction of the building which collapsed, killing five men, in New York City, have been indicted for manslaughter.

Joe Miller, colored, an Illinois Central Railroad brakeman, was hanged by a mob at Rives, Tenn. He pushed a white tramp off a moving train, who fell on the track and had his legs cut off.

Lieutenant J. M. Marshall, a son of Colonel Charles Marshall, who was on the staff of General Robert E. Lee and with him when he surrendered to General Grant at Appomattox, is on the staff of General Fred D. Grant at Chickamauga.

A construction train and a special collided Saturday, two and a half miles east of Collinsville, Ill. Four men were killed and twenty others were injured. The collision occurred in a deep cut.

The cruiser Newark, which has been undergoing repairs at the Portsmouth (Mass.) Navy Yard for fifteen months, has gone into commission. Captain A. S. Barker, of the Strategy Board, is her commander.

Mayor Van Wyck, of New York City, removed Police Commissioners Hamilton and Philips. He appointed Jacob Hess to succeed Hamilton. The new board met, retired Chief McCullagh and made Deputy Chief Devery Acting Chief. This means a "wide-open town."

George C. Taft, a well-known citizen of Athol, Mass., was found dead on the sidewalk, having fallen from a window of his room, on the third floor of the Pequot House. It is thought that Mr. Taft was taken ill during the night and went to the window for air, and, becoming unconscious, lost his balance.

The Seventh District Populist Convention held at Hutchinson, Kan., re-nominated Jerry Simpson, of Medicine Lodge, for Congress by acclamation.

It is said that the great estate believed to have been left by William Steinway, the piano manufacturer of New York, will not satisfy the claims of creditors.

John Cummins, a well-known farmer residing near Belvidere, N. J., was struck and instantly killed by lightning while plowing. His horses were also killed.

"Jim" Baker, famous scout and Indian fighter, died at his home, on Snake River, eighty miles south of Rawlins, Col. Colonel Baker's death was due to old age, he being ninety years old. He had been in the Rocky Mountains since 1832 and is well known to the pioneers. Many stories of his adventures have furnished themes for novels.

Some British soldiers from Gibraltar while out boating, tried to land on Spanish territory, whereupon a Spanish sentry fired on them, wounding one man.

A new gun battery has been ordered constructed in Boston Harbor.

Later reports show that the tornadoes which swept over Iowa, Illinois and Wisconsin killed forty persons, injured fifty and did at least $1,000,000 damage to property.

A tragedy occurred at the Foster plantation, four miles southeast of Home Lake, Miss. Four deputy sheriffs visited the plantation to arrest Nimrod Littlefield and William Littlefield, his son, both colored men, charged with murder. They resisted the officers, whereupon the former was shot. The latter then used his rifle with terrible effect; killing three of the deputies and causing the other to retire for assistance.

After forty years of service on the St. Louis (Mo.) Police Department, for the last ten years being at its head, Chief Laurence Harrigan resigned his position because of ill-health.

John T. McLaughlin, of New Brunswick, a member of Company D of the Third Regiment, now at Camp Voorhees, was killed by a fast train in Rahway, N. J. He had been on a furlough and was returning to the camp.

Foreign.

Spain's Minister of Finance, Senor Puigcerver, admitted the impossibility of negotiating a loan abroad, and suggested an issue of Bank of Spain notes in small amounts and a twenty per cent. increase in all taxes.

CANADA'S PREMIER OUR FRIEND.

Declares His Sympathy in the War Is All With the United States.

OTTAWA, Canada (Special).—In the House of Commons Hon. Mr. McCleary, a representative of one of the border constituencies, in discussing the American Alien Labor law and the manner in which it had been enforced against Canadians, incidentally referred to the Spanish-American war, saying that, while all parties in Canada would

PREMIER WILFRED LAURIER.
(Declared in the Canadian Parliament his sympathy with us.)

pray that the American people would come out victorious, still there were not a few who would like to see the United States get a bit of spanking because of its unfriendly treatment to Canada. Cries of "No!" "No!" arose from all parts of the house.

Premier Laurier, rising, evidently with some warmth, said: "I sincerely hope my honorable friend who has just taken his seat, in his utterances which at the moment called forth expressions of dissent, speaks his own personal feeling and not the feeling of his party. I would rather hope that upon the present occasion, though we are bound to be neutral and must be neutral in the present difficulties between the United States and Spain, I should like to believe that if there is a feeling at all apart from our duty as neutrals, it is a feeling of sympathy for those who are our neighbors and who share the continent with us."

SENOR CAPOTE COMING.

Vice-President of the Cuban Republic Has Authority to Negotiate at Washington.

KINGSTON, Jamaica (By Cable).—Senor Domingo Capote, Vice-President of the Cuban Republic and formerly a lawyer in Havana, landed from an open sailboat on the north side of Jamaica, near Falmouth,

VICE-PRESIDENT CAPOTE, OF CUBAN REPUBLIC.

Thursday. With him was Gervasio Sablo, a sea captain.

Senor Capote is on his way to the United States to consult with the American Government. He is understood to have full powers to make an important treaty.

Senor Capote's mission is not to supersede Senor Estrada Palma, who has the full confidence of the Cuban Government, but it is felt that the Vice-President of the Cuban Republic can more effectively present certain views of the Cuban chiefs.

RACE FOR THE PHILIPPINES.

It Will Be the Most Thrilling Sea Chase of Modern Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The race for the Philippines is on. It will be the most thrilling sea chase of modern times. The United States will dispatch its transports for the relief of Dewey from San Francisco across the placid Pacific, 7050 miles. Spain will send its fleet, which has for its object the reconquering of the islands, from Barcelona, through the Mediterranean, the Isthmus of Suez, and the Red Sea, across the Arabian Sea along the southern extremity of the Bay of Bengal, around the Malayan Peninsula and up the China Sea to Manila, a total distance of 8000 miles.

General Merritt relinquished command of the Department of the East and started for San Francisco.

General Merritt also stated that he and General Otis would not leave on the first expedition, but would remain in California until he had seen his troops and supplies placed on board the transports.

General Merritt smiles grimly as he contemplates the force which he is to command. In addition to the regulars already on the coast the Eighteenth and Twenty-third Infantry are on their way from New Orleans. The Tenth Pennsylvania Volunteers, a hardy, well-drilled regiment, with a severe strike experience to their credit, and a Minnesota regiment which can shoot straight, fight hard and drill like regulars, are among others moving West at express speed. General Merritt believes he is going to have the finest fighting force ever sent out of the country, and is accordingly happy.

It is now believed that the army of occupation for the Philippines will consist of not less than 17,000 men, of which 5000 will be regulars.

Six Persons Drowned.

Ten men attempted to cross the Allegheny River on a raft near Springdale, Penn., and when in the centre of the stream the raft was swamped by the rough current, and the men were precipitated into the water. Four men succeeded in reaching the shore, but the others were drowned.

Hernandez Defeated.

General Hernandez, the insurgent leader, has been defeated near Guanare, Zamora province, Venezuela. Many were killed in the fight. The revolution is practically over, and the confidence of the Government in the outlook is good.

Contributions to the War Fund.

Contributions toward the fund for the national defense continue to come in Washington. A check for $1000 was received by President McKinley from a widow in New York, who requested that her name be kept a secret.

The National Game.

Keeler's timely batting is being sadly missed by Baltimore.

The Louisville Wagner and the Washington Wagner are brothers.

The Chicagos have exceeded the expectations of their supporters.

From all accounts the Washingtons are sadly lacking in team work.

Wallace is pushing Burkett hard for the batting honors of the Cleveland team.

Yeager, of the Brooklyns, has a delivery similar to that of the famous Nichols, of Boston.

Swaim, the Washington pitcher, has been teaching school during the last six months down in Florida.

COMMERCIAL STRIDES.

LESSONS TO BE LEARNED FROM GERMANY'S PROGRESS.

Opportunities For Foreign Trade Extension Growing Out of the War With Spain Demand the Establishment of an American Merchant Marine.

The rapid progress which Germany has made in the extension of her commercial enterprises in the far East is shown by recent consular reports to our State Department. Under the protective policy which Bismarck established in 1872, Germany has in the past seven years more than doubled her exports to China and Japan, while her imports have in this interval been increased 136 per cent. from China and 162 per cent. from Japan. This is a relatively greater gain than that of any other European country, though England's trade with China is six times and with Japan more than three times as great as that of Germany. This vast increase of Germany's external trade has been greatly facilitated by the granting of liberal subsidies to German steamship lines. For example, it appears by the annual report of the North German Lloyd that the mail service to the far East has been doubled within the past year, and that transportation service to Asiatic ports has been correspondingly increased.

The opportunity will soon be offered the United States to take measures for the extension of our trade in the Far East, and this opportunity should not be neglected. First of all, there should be prompt steps taken for the increase of our commercial marine on the Pacific. The guns of Commodore Dewey have opened up a new field for our commercial enterprise. Our trade with the Philippine Islands has heretofore been indirect, exports and imports going through Chinese ports. Hereafter, so long as we enjoy the fruits of our victory this trade will be direct.

Our naval victory at Manila has won for us the respect of every civilized nation. Our mobilization of an army and of an effective navy within the brief period of thirty days has established us as a war power which must hereafter be respected by the nations of the earth. Let us take advantage of the advanced position gained as a result of the war with Spain, and reap the benefit through a development of our commercial possibilities. Let us have an American commercial marine to carry the goods of American manufacture, and we can successfully compete with Europeans in the Far East or in any other field.

It is easily conceivable that through energetic action by our merchants and manufacturers, and through well directed aid by the Government, we may round out the remaining two years of President McKinley's term and of the century by the firm establishment of our flag and of our commercial marine in the Pacific Ocean and in the Far Eastern seas. We have been in a state of commercial isolation for too long, and hereafter we must be aggressive and progressive.

Wisdom of Postal Subsidy.

The eagerness with which the Spaniards were trying to head off and capture the American line steamship Paris on her way across from England shows how much terror has been struck to their hearts by the possession of the four splendid ships of this line for auxiliary cruisers by our Government. And therein lies the wisdom and value of the Postal Subsidy Act that made possible the obtaining of these ships by the United States. Without it the St. Paul and St. Louis would never have been built and the Paris and New York would have remained under the British flag—a most serious loss to this country under the circumstances of a naval war. Their true value remains to be seen, but will undoubtedly be very great.—New York Marine Journal.

Manifest Destiny.

The Salt Lake City Tribune, having published the statistical array of imports and exports from August, 1897, to March, 1898, inclusive, showing an excess of $420,000,000 in exports for the eight months, remarks:

"It is not strange that the so-called great nations of the Old World grow restive when they contemplate those figures and try to estimate what will be in twenty years more if that kind of work continues."

Twenty years more of interrupted protection will transfer the financial and industrial centers of the world from Europe to America and make ours the creditor nation. It is manifest destiny.

In all times of political or diplomatic unrest the old injunction, "Don't prophesy unless you know," is a good one to keep in mind. It is eighty years since Napoleon Bonaparte declared that within fifty years all Europe might become either Republican or Cossack. Men now living remember when Thiers said, "Railroads will never be of service for the transportation of goods." History bristles with similar bad shots at the future, and most of the prophets of the present day are adding to their number.

WOMEN AND THE WAR.

Proposed Boycott of Goods Manufactured by Unfriendly Countries.

The American woman has a part to play in the war with Spain. Her opportunity comes in the shape of a movement that has originated in Washington among the members of the American Women's Patriotic League, but it is a movement that may easily become general among the women of the United States. It is proposed by the Washington organization to institute retaliation and reprisals against France on account of that country's attitude of sympathy for Spain. Sensible and effective is the policy contemplated. It will strike the French people just where they deserve to be hit the hardest—that is, in their pockets, for it is on account of Frenchmen's financial interests as holders of Spanish bonds and securities that the moral support of France is withheld from the United States.

The Washington members of the American Women's Patriotic League, under the leadership of the wives of Cabinet members, Senators and other influential people, are to pledge themselves to refrain absolutely from buying articles of any kind imported from France. This is a woman's way of striking a blow at the enemies of her country, and if the plan is carried out it will be a powerful blow. How powerful it will be can be judged when it is remembered that during 1897 the United States bought French goods to the value of $67,500,000. These were almost wholly luxuries and composed of articles chiefly for the use of women. Cut off this patronage for a term of years, and France will feel it keenly.

It is said that the women of New York and other large cities have caught the patriotic infection and will make common cause against France. Let the movement become general through the concerted action of every woman's organization in the United States. It is an admirable opportunity for the patriotic women to cut an important figure in the war. To be effective it only needs to be unanimous. Ladies, you have the floor.

Using More American Goods.

As the result of the Dingley duty on wool and woolens the export by Belgium of woolen goods to the United States, with the exception of cloth for covering billiard tables, has been practically annihilated. From Verviers, the woolen center of Belgium, the exports to America in the first three months of 1897 amounted to $317,092, against $31,758 for the first quarter of 1898. The time is coming when all the woolens used in America, apart from a few specialized fabrics such as Belgian billiard cloth, will be made in America.

It is curious to note how interest has died out in a topic which was until a few months ago almost the only one—the gold discoveries in the Klondike. Now little news is coming out of the great Northwest, and nobody seems to care. Even the destructive avalanche in Chilkoot pass barely caused comment. The Klondike has fizzled out. Perhaps it is as well that it should. The golden specter has lured more than one to his death.

"Ninety-eight per cent. of genius is hard work," says Thomas A. Edison, and he adds: "As for genius being inspired, inspiration is in most cases another word for perspiration." As the foremost example in the world of one type of genius, Mr. Edison is an authority on the subject, and his aphorism corroborates Johnson's often-quoted definition of genius, "the infinite capacity for taking pains."

Should Be Reversed.

Out of $93,000,000 of exports for the month of February, 1898, American ships carried only 4.8 per cent., leaving 95.2 per cent. to the vessels of foreign countries. With suitable protective legislation this proportion would soon be exactly reversed.

WOMAN'S WAR ON FRANCE.

Philadelphia Asked to Assist in the Proposed Boycott of Paris Millinery.

A number of Philadelphia women have received letters from acquaintances who figure in the social life at Washington urging them to co-operate in a movement to boycott Paris millinery and other products of French fashion in retaliation for French sympathy shown with Spain. A well-known dressmaker says that a movement springs up every year to patronize only American designs and materials in feminine attire, but it has never met with success. French dress models have always held superior rank, but if any general movement sets in before August to patronize purely domestic designs and goods the Paris dressmakers and milliners are likely to suffer a severe loss.

Telegraphy by Electric Rays.

Professor Zickler, of Bruenn, Austria, has invented a new system of wireless telegraphy, which gives promise of being free from the defects of the Marconi system. The new invention renders possible simultaneous listening to or reading by other persons. Professor Zickler's system employs electric light rays for the transmission of telegraphic signs. These may easily be issued toward one fixed direction. The new system can be used at night.

Clothes Right From the Sheep.

Thomas Kibon, the proprietor of a woolen mill at Stroudsburg, Penn., a few days ago beat the world's record by one hour and fifty-four minutes, and in six hours and four minutes made a suit of clothes from the wool of sheep whose fleece was sheared at 6.30 o'clock in the morning.

German Courtesies.

Madrid announces that the German warship Geier paid the usual salute to the Spanish forts at Havana, but that it did not salute the American squadron either with guns or flag.

Labor World.

Colorado has 10,000 unionists.

There are 10,000 union bakers in the United States.

Montreal plasterers won a strike for 22½ cents an hour.

Girls employed at a Cleveland rubber works struck against a cut.

At Detroit the street car men's union leads all other organizations in enlistments and enthusiastic effort.

Cigarette rollers at New York struck against a cut from $1.10 to $1 a thousand.

The meetings of the Belmont Central Trades and Labor Union of Bellaire, Ohio, are opened with prayer.

A Huge Raft.

The work of constructing a huge raft which is to contain 4,000,000 feet of lumber, has been begun at Portland, Oregon. The raft, when completed, will be floated to San Francisco, Cal. It will be cigar-shaped, 400 feet long, fifty-three feet wide, and twenty-four feet high from the water, drawing about seventeen feet of water.

Cardenas a Heap of Ruins.

Cardenas, Cuba, was reduced to a mass of ruins by the American bombardment. Three Spanish gunboats lying at a pier were rendered useless, and an attempt to mine the harbor was promptly stopped.

Cycling Notes.

There are at least 200,000 bicycles in Greater New York. The proposed tax would yield the city not less than $400,000 a year to repair bicycle paths with.

Pittsburg's chief of police has ordered the arrest of all cyclists using whistles as alarms. The police, he asserts, should have a monopoly on whistle-blowing.

The old trick of covering a large stone in the roadway with a hat was recently played on an Aberdeen cyclist, who ran into it and got a heavy fall.

They say the coming of the bicycle pedal has given the piano pedal something like a rest. And yet there are some who fail to appreciate the full worth of the bicycle.

Minor Mention.

Patent needles and pins are made to the number of 175 different varieties.

The German army at present comprises 21,176 officers, 78,202 non-commissioned officers, 479,229 privates, 2103 surgeons, and 98,058 horses.

One of the most famous man-eating tigers in India was killed not long ago by the Maharajah of Sidhaur. The tiger was an enormous brute and had killed eighty people.

While boring for water a Tennesseean struck what he thought must be a lake, his drilling apparatus sinking rapidly a score of feet, but when the liquid spouted he found that it was very pure oil.

Some first-class English cruisers carry enough coal to take them 20,000 miles, steaming at ten knots.

A boy stumbled in a field and fell at Golden Ring, Md., and a briar stem entered his ear, piercing the drum.

A placer miner on Ruby Creek, Whatcom County, Wash., lost all his savings, about $1100, by leaving his cabin one night in the care of a man who suddenly became crazy and destroyed all the money, which was in bill form.

Feeling her little dog tugging at the back of her dress a Waukegan (Ill.) woman turned around to drive him away and found that her dress was afire. A tub full of water was near at hand, and she jumped in and escaped harm.

Fine Black Horse For General Lee.

Colonel Bennehan Cameron, the horseman, of North Carolina, has presented General Lee with a splendid black horse to ride in his Cuban campaign. The name of the horse is Choctaw, and he is of the purest blood.

Senator Sewell Declines.

Senator Sewell, of New Jersey, formally resigned his appointment as a Major-General of Volunteers. He gave as his reason the fact that to hold the office would be incompatible with his duties as a United States Senator.

Prominent People.

Ex-Secretary John Sherman has decided to go to Alaska for the benefit of his health.

Ottoman Haupt, of Paris, the well-known international monetary authority, is dead.

The late George Muller, the philanthropist, of Bristol, England, left an estate valued at $800.

President Kruger, of the South African Republic, was sworn in recently for another term of five years.

The commander-in-chief of the English fleet on the China station is Sir Edward Hobart Seymour, the son of an English clergyman.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Elephant Corps.

An English newspaper, in an article on the Siamese army, says: "In one respect the Siamese army is superior to every other, and that is in its elephant corps. Eight hundred of these animals, which are stronger, though smaller, than those of India, are organized into a special corps, commanded by a retired Anglo-Indian officer, and their heads, trunks and other vulnerable parts are protected against bullets by india rubber armor."

A Costly Dish.

"Oh, mamma, do Christians eat preachers just like the cannibals do?"

"Why, no, my child. What put that notion into your head?"

"I heard Mrs. Deekon say this morning that she was going to have her minister for lunch."—Brooklyn Life.

It Costs Nothing.

Thackeray tells of a lord who never saw a vacant place on his estate, but he took an acorn out of his pocket and dropped it in. Never lose a chance of saying a kind word, of doing a kindly act. It costs nothing.

Everybody says so.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and billiousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought. is on every wrapper.

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

Schedule in effect Feb'y. 21, 1898.

Norfolk & Southern R. R. Mail and Express trains, Southbound, daily (except Sundays), leave Elizabeth City at 11:40, A. M., and 6.09, P. M., Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Northbound, daily, except Sundays, leave Elizabeth City at 2:45 P. M., and Tuesdays Thursdays and Saturdays at 9:20, A. M.

Her trains arrive at and depart from the Norfolk & Western depot, Norfolk; connect at Norfolk with all Rail and Steamer lines, and at Edenton with Steamer for Roanoke, Cashie Chowan and Scuppernong rivers; transfer steamers to Mackey's Ferry, thence by Norfolk & Southern R. R. to Pantego and Belhaven connecting with steamer Virginia Dare for Makeleyville, Aurora, Washington and all intermediate landings.

EASTERN CAROLINA DISPATCH AND OLD DOMINION LINE.

The steamer Neuse leaves Elizabeth City Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6:00 P. M., for Newbern, connecting with the A. & N. C. R. R. for Goldsboro, Kinston and Morehead City, and with the W. & N. R. R. for Jacksonville, Wilmington, N. C. Stops at Roanoke Island going South Tuesdays and Saturdays and Northbound Tuesdays, a. m.

The Steamer Newbern leaves Elizabeth City Mondays at noon and Wednesday at 6:00 P. M. for Newbern. Stops at Roanoke Island and Ocracoke and Oriental going and returning.

Tickets on sale at Elizabeth City Station to Roanoke Island, Ocracoke, Newberne, Oriental, Kinston, Goldsboro, Morchead City and Wilmington.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars low rates and quicker time than by any other route.

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Dispatch as follows: From Norfolk by Norfolk & Southern Railroad; Baltimore, by P. W. & B. R. R., President Street Station; Philadelphia, Pennsylvania R. R., Dock Street Station; New York, by Pennsylvania R. R., Pier 27 North River, and Old Dominion Line.

For further information apply to M. H Snowden, Agent, Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern R. R. Company, Norfolk, Va.

M. K. KING, Gen'l Man'r. H. C. HUDGINS, Gen'l Ft & Pass'r Ag

GEORGE W. BELL,
Gun-Smith.,

At the Old Stand on Road Street,

ELIZ. CITY, NORTH CAROLINA

FRED DAVIS
DEALER IN

COAL.

Coal of all sizes and of best quality constantly on hand. All orders promptly are filled.

☞All coal is screened before leaving the yard: Lowest prices guaranteed.

F. H. ZIEGLER & BRO,

Successors to John H Ziegler,

Dealers in all Kinds of

Undertakers' Supplies,

From the Cheapest to the Best. All telegrams promptly attended to.

CRAPES AND COOLING BOARDS,

when desired. The finest Hearse in the section. Rosewood, Walnut, Cloth covered and Metalic Caskets a specialty At the old stand on Ehringhaus Street. ☞All kinds of Cabinet Work done.

T. P. WHITE,

BOOT & SHOEMAKER

2nd door North of Poindexter Street Bridge.

☞Patching and mending RubberBoots a specialty.

GROVES

TASTELESS CHILL TONIC

IS JUST AS GOOD FOR ADULTS.

WARRANTED. PRICE 50 cts.

GALATIA, ILLS., Nov. M, 1895.

Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Gentlemen:—We sold last year, 250 bottles of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC and have bought three gross already this year. In all our experience of 14 years, in the drug business, have never sold an article that gave such universal satisfaction or met with such [illegible]

[illegible] & Co.

The North Carolinian

Published Every Wednesday

THE OFFICIAL ORGAN OF BOTH THE CITY AND THE COUNTY.

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

Communications relative to and of interest in the Albemarle District solicited from all quarters.

COST OF NAVAL TARGET PRACTICE.

The statement is made that the United States has spent more money for target practice in the Navy during the last ten years than any nation in Europe. The result of this practice was seen at Manilla, at Cardenas and at Cabana. The American war ships have surprised the world with the accuracy of their aim. The money has been well expended The Navy is as well prepared to meet any other navy on earth, so far as the ability to use its guns effectively is concerned, as it would have been had it been engaged in actual warfare during the last ten years.

The wisdom of this large outlay for target practice has been demonstrated. During those years of peace when many people were disposed to think the Navy a useless and expensive institution, the Government was getting ready for war, and the Navy is doing honor to the Government.

ENGLAND'S QUEEN.

Queen Victoria entered a few days ago upon the eighty-second year of her age, and has reigned longer than any monarch of the house of England, which began to rule more than a thousand years ago. During her matchless reign over sixty years she has been indeed a model Queen, and allegiance to her is as strong and intense as when she ascended the throne in 1837

Victoria is not only loved by her own people, but by all other peoples of the world she is esteemed as is no other foreign sovereign. Both as a ruler and as a woman she is an exceptional and exalted character, worthy of the world-wide admiration of which she is the object. All honor from the whole Anglo-Saxon race to the good and gracious Queen.

During the year 1897 the exports of the United States to Japan increased 65 per cent, while the exports of all the rest of the world increased only 25 per cent. These figures make it clear that the United States has as great an interest in the Eastern question from a commercial point of view as any other nation.

Whatever her motive the friendship of England is heartily appreciated by the people of this country, and we owe her a debt of gratitude for standing, as it were, between us and some of the mischievous nations of continental Europe.

The United States has no hereditary titles, but with the sons of the veterans of 1861 so eager to take part in this war, the titles "Captain," "Major," "Colonel" and the rest will, in fact, come to many of these young men by natural descent—the inherited qualities of loyality and courage.

It is a remakable fact that of the National Guard of the United States, numbering 130,000 men, not a single company was properly equipped and available for duty, nor was there a company that did not lose men by medical examination.

President McKinley's opposition to recognizing the Insurgent government as preliminary to war has been fully justified by events. The question will await the result of the hard fighting in prospect for the United States.

The Washington statesmen who were going to wipe Spain off the map in three weeks, have reluctantly granted an extension of time pending an examination of the map to ascertain Spain's whereabouts.

International politics makes strange bed-fellows, but an alliance of France, Germany and Spain to discipline the Anglo-Saxon race would be a strange assortment.

The United States raised one-fifth of the world's crop of wheat. A European war with us is quickly followed by European bread riots.

Amiral Dewey is master of the situation through prompt action and hard hitting. No better way to make war has been discovered.

Kansas may now be counted as a lucky State. The wheat crop now bids fair to be the largest in the history of that important wheat growing State.

☞It is slowly dawning on the people of the United States that the Carribbean Sea is a good deal bigger than it looks on the map.

☞Uncle Sam is smoking his "Manilla" now. By and by he will take a puff at his "Havana."

☞There won't be many summer girls on the Cuban shores, and yet there will be many engagements.

The Democratic party in North Carolina will be defeated,

AN IMPORTANT FAOTOR

Science is coming to be an important factor in profitable grain growing or stock farming. The old way is giving place to the new and better one. The old idea that the course pursued by one's ancestors embodied all there was to learn in the way of successful soil tilling or growing stock is fast dying out in intelligent agricultural circles and reforms are becoming both popular and profitable.

In the way of "strategy" there has been nothing better since the war began than the determination of the Government to keep its secrets. Much as the people desire the news they will heartily approve of the censoring or suppression of all dispatches containing military or naval information of benefit to the enemy.

Patience is a most necessary qualification for business. Many a man would rather you heard his story than granted his request. You must seem to hear the unreasonable demands of the petulant unmoved and the tedious details of the dull untired. That is the least price a man must pay for a high station.

Spain sent a fleet across the Atlantic to vindicate its honor and the first thing the fleet did was to vindidicate its discretion.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

If you want to quit tobacco using easily and forever, be made well, strong, magnetic, full of new life and vigor, take No-To-Bac. the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. Many gain ten pounds in ten days. Over 400,000 cured. Buy No-To-Bac of your druggist, under guarantee to cure, 50c or $1.00. Booklet and sample mailed free. Ad. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, May 27, 1898.

President McKinley, the members of his cabinet, and, in fact, everybody in Washington is in a jubilant state of mind over the results of the week. The Spanish fleet has allowed itself to be cooped up where it cannot possibly do any damage, and, unless the Spanish destroy the ships themselves, it is only a question of time when they are bound by circumstances to fall into our hands. This isn't so exciting as it would have been to have met and destroyed the fleet in battle, but it is in reality much more satisfactory, because it is cheaper both in money and men, and there are some ships in the fleet that will make valuable acquisitions to our navy. Having the Spanish fleet where it can neither do any damage nor get away has materially simplified the problem of invading Cuba and capturing Porto Rico, and in order that there may be no lack of men to carry out the work of ending the Spanish dominion on this hemisphere the President has issued a call for 75,000 more volunteers. Enlistments under this call will not be from the militia, as they were under the first call, but will be open to all, to the extent of the quota apportioned to each State and Territory.

Not the slightest uneasiness exists in Washington on account of the reports of another Spanish fleet being sent to attempt to relieve the one now cooped up in Santiago harbor. Nothing would be more pleasing to the President's wishes that every Spanish ship afloat should be sent to Cuban waters. We have ships in those waters to dispose of them all easily, and if they are sent there it will result in more speedily bringing the war to a close.

One of the most significant events of the week in Washington was the acceptence of a large flag (21x32) by Secretary Alger with the condition that it shalll be raised over Morro Castle, Havana. The flag was originally bought by the Corn Exchange, of Philadelphia, and a regiment was enlisted under it in 1861, but it was Mr. George W. Alger, of Merchantville, N. J., who was its proud owner until the delegation from J. K. Lee Post, G. A. R., of that town, brought it to Washington and presented it to the government. Secretary Alger concluded his speech accepting the flag by saying: "I thoroughly believe that an overruling Providence is placing this great burden on the American people. Our country has taken up the cause of humanity, and it will not lay down its arms until Cuba is free and a government of the people and by the people is there established. I thank you for the flag, and will direct that it be raised over Morro Castle when it is in our possession."

Senator Lindsay, one of the few Democrats who favor issuing bonds, instead of fiat money, made this patriotic reply to Senator Tillman's inquiry as to what kind of money would be paid for the bonds to be issued: "The bonds issued will be sold for money as good as gold, and the funds so raised will be used to pay the boys who are to be sent to Cuba to face Spanish bullets and yellow fever. Our credit will be as good as gold and at the end of the war we will have conducted it on the very cheapest possible basis. We may become involved with continental powers, and the time may come when we cannot go farther on a coin basis, either gold or silver, and when we will be compelled to come to the issue of greenbacks. When this time comes, whatever necessity demands will be done. It will be done without complaint. Those who are alive at the end of the war will be charged up with the debt. But we cannot promote that state of affairs. We cannot discredit ourselves at the very outset by resorting to a currency which is in the nature of a forced loan, by issuing notes payable on demand and putting no money in the Treasury to pay them upon demand."

It has transpired that Hon. William J. Bryan's appointment to be Colonel in the Nebraska National Guard was like so many other things done by that gentleman, merely a bluff. What he really wants is a place on the staff of Major General Wheeler, and the little by play in Nebraska was indulged in because it would, in his opinion, increase his chances for getting a staff appointment. Gen. Wheeler has requested that Mr. Bryan be appointed, and is it not unlikely that his request will be granted by President McKinley, as it is the only civilian appointment he has ever asked for.

Gen. Miles has everything ready for transferring his headquarters from Washington to Tampa Florida. That fact tells more about the intentions to make immediate use of the army than could possibly be told in words without revealing plans that it would not be expedient to publish at this time. It is hardly necessary to say that Gen. Miles is not going to Florida at this season of the year for his health, as the Spaniards will shortly discover.

Diseases of the Blood and Nerves.

No one need suffer with neuralgia. This disease is quickly and permanently cured by Browns' Iron Bitters. Every disease of the blood, nerves and stomach, chronic or otherwise, succumbs to Browns' Iron Bitters. Known and used for nearly a quarter of a century, it stands to-day foremost among our most valued remedies. Browns' Iron Bitters is sold by all dealers.

Alliance Speaking.

There will be an Alliance lecture at the following places on the following dates: Bell Cross, June 11, at 3 o'clock; Shiloh, June 18, at 3 o'clock; Old Trap, June 18, at night; South Mills, June 25, at 2 o'clock

The men, women and children are earnestly requested to be present. Bring your hymn books, as the services will be opened by reading God's Word, song and prayer. I have selected for the lesson on the above occasions, the 20th chapter of the 2nd Book of Chronicles on which I will comment in the course of my lectures.

I hope that Ministers of the gospel and Sunday School Superintendents who feel that

A noble peasantry is a country's pride,
And when once destroyed can never be supplied,

will kindly give out my appointments. Friends will please secure a comfortable place for the meetings.

W. S MERCER,
Chaplain of the State Farmers' Alliance.

A Narrow Escape.

Thankful words written by Mrs Ada E. Hart, of Groton, S. D. "Was taken with a bad cold which settled on my lungs; cough set in and finally terminated in consumption. Four doctors gave me up, saying I could live but a short time. I gave myself up to my Savior, determined if I could not stay with my friends on earth I would meet my absent ones above. My husband was advised to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I gave it a trial., took in all eight bottles. It has cured me and thank God I am saved and now a well and healthy woman." Trial bottles free at A. Wadsworth's drug store. Regular size 50c and $1.00 Guaranteed or price refunded.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on every wrapper.

Occult Symbols That Have Been Devised to Deceive Womankind.

"People often ask me the meaning of the apparently crazy hieroglyphs and figures that are stamped on the inner side of the uppers of ready made shoes nowadays," said an F street shoe dealer. "As every shoe manufactory has a secret stamp code of its own and there is, therefore, no possibility of the general public learning more than that such codes exist, I may as well tell you that the vanity of modern mortals, and especially women, is at the bottom of these peculiar stamped characters and figures. You'd be surprised to know, for instance, how many women there are who imagine that they wear a No. 3 shoe when in reality their size is a couple of figures larger. A shoe salesman who understands his business can tell precisely the number of the shoe a woman customer wears at a glance. But as often as not a woman whose foot is a No. 5 calls for a shoe a couple of sizes smaller, and the mysterious stamped hieroglyph scheme was devised for the purpose of encouraging her in the belief that her foot is a couple of sizes smaller than it really measures in shoe leather.

"When a woman calls for a No. 3 to fit a No. 5 foot, no shoe salesman of this era who cares anything for his job is going to say, 'Madam, your foot requires a No. 5.' He simply breaks out a shoe of the style she requests that he feels confident will fit her comfortably and lets it go at that.

"A woman rarely thinks to inquire if the shoe is really of the size she asked for, for she takes it for granted that the salesman has given her what she demanded. But when a woman does ask, for instance, 'This is a No. 3, is it?' it's the salesman's business to unblushingly reply, 'Yes'm, it's a No. 3.' The woman customer might examine the hieroglyphs inside the uppers for a week without finding out any different, and even if she had the key to the puzzle it would only make her feel bad; so what would be the use?"—Washington Star.

WINE OF CARDUI

MONTHLY SUFFERING.

Thousands of women are troubled at monthly intervals with pains in the head, back, breasts, shoulders, sides hips and limbs. But they need not suffer.

These pains are symptoms of dangerous derangements that can be corrected. The menstrual function should operate painlessly.

McELREE'S Wine of Cardui

makes menstruation painless, and regular. It puts the delicate menstrual organs in condition to do their work properly. And that stops all this pain. Why will any woman suffer month after month when Wine of Cardui will relieve her? It costs $1.00 at the drug store. Why don't you get a bottle to-day?

For advice, in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

Mrs. ROZZIE LEWIS, of Concaville, Texas, says: "I was troubled at monthly intervals with terrible pains in my head and back, but have been entirely relieved by Wine of Cardui."

WINE OF CARDUI

A HARD MAN TO BEAT

THE LIVE RAILROAD AGENT IS UP TO ALL SORTS OF TRICKS.

Circus People Are Pretty Cute Themselves, but This Story Shows How One Party Was Cleverly Outwitted by the Hustling Railroader.

"There are people who think you can't beat a circus man, but I want to tell you that the hardest man to do is a live railroad man."

The old sawdust manager had tried it. He continued:

"Know where Purcell is in the Indian Territory? Away down at the jumping off place on the Santa Fe road. The show had been at Purcell and we wanted to get out in the night for a long run. We were going to make a jump to Kansas City. Not far from Purcell is another town, Oklahoma City. At that point a competing road with the Santa Fe runs in. We had 500 people, and of course the railroad men were after us. It was a big haul. Some of our people bought through tickets from Purcell, and they didn't worry. But about 200, maybe more, of the crowd that always haggles over a 10 cent dicker concluded to take the Santa Fe from Purcell to Oklahoma City, pay the short haul, and then take the competing line at Oklahoma, the agents of which were active and full of promises.

"Then the Santa Fe man fixed it so the dickerers couldn't buy any tickets from Purcell to Oklahoma, for the train we were to go on was a special. The dickerers said that was all right; that they would wait for the regular. In less than five minutes a bulletin was slapped on the board of the station to the effect that the regular Santa Fe was 12 hours late. That made the fellows who were dickering for a cheaper rate turn white around their gills.

"In another five minutes I saw a man on a track velocipede scudding down the stretch. Every man to his business. So I thought the railroad people knew what they were doing, and they did. That chap on the velocipede was going down the track to flag the regular and hold it indefinitely. Smart trick, wasn't it? Wait till I tell you. There was a smarter trick than that.

"When the special got ready to pull out, the dickerers asked the agent if they could pay on the train from Purcell to Oklahoma, and he said 'Certs' So they all boarded the train at Purcell, intending to get off at Oklahoma. Just before the train pulled out the agent walks down to the engine and asks the old man at the throttle how long he had been on the road and about the capacity of his iron horse, and so forth.

"'How many miles an hour can she go at her best?' asked the agent.

"'On a good track, 65 miles.'

"'Is it a good track through Oklahoma City?'

"'Yes, pretty good.'

"'All right. You've got no orders to stop there nor to slow up, have you?'

"'Not yet.'

"'Well, when you get to the edge of the town you let her go. Don't stop for anything—flags or teams or cattle. Scoot through the town at a 65 mile gait, or more if you like, and don't slow up until you strike that strip of desolation about 11 miles t'other side and you smoke a box of the finest cigars in Chicago. Is it a go?'

"'If I don't get no orders 'fore I start.'

"'Well, you are five minutes late now.'

"In a minute, and I calculate it was less, the circus special was under way. It went around curves like a scared snake. It shot across straight lines like a gazelle that had been singed. It whirled the dust of that country into the sky. After awhile we saw a town. Then we went through it like the woman that's shot from the catapult, only more so. One of the dickerers, who was smiling to think the conductor had not yet come round, asked a brakeman as the train was going through the street, 'What town is this?' The brakeman said, 'Oklahoma City.'

"The dickerer's smile faded as it came, as the poet says, and his hair stood up, and turning to the brakeman he says:

"'Jezeerimini! Stop her! Here's where we get off!'

"'She doesn't even hesitate at a town like this,' said the brakeman.

"Well, about 11 miles on this side, in a strip of country where a crow can't live and where an Indian wouldn't be caught dead, the old iron horse began to slow up. The conductor came through just then and said:

"'Tickets!'

"Well, say, that was a funny sight. Them that had tickets showed up and then went to sleep. But the dickerers began to kick. They said they should have been let off at Oklahoma City. The conductor said the train didn't stop at Oklahoma, that it wasn't scheduled to stop there, and that he wasn't going to go back that trip. The leader of the dickerers for cheap fares wanted to know what was to be done.

"The conductor was an old timer. He had a face on him like a woman who never loved anybody. He just told them, 'Pay or get off.' Then they asked him where they could pay to. And he said the train wouldn't stop any more until it got to Kansas City the next morning unless it stopped to put them off. And he reached up and caught the bellcord.

"And every one of the dickerers paid to Kansas City. And, of course, under the railroad law, they paid more than they would have paid if they had bought tickets at Purcell. And the company was that much ahead. And that's what I mean when I say that the hardest man to do is a live railroad man."—New York Sun.

According to the latest statistics the women in Sweden outnumber the men by 148,669.

Disraeli's Manner.

I have no doubt Disraeli loses friends by his apparent insouciance and the method in which he walks to his place—without looking at anybody—but I surmise from my own experience that it arises from nearsightedness. I perceive that he cannot tell what o'clock it is without using his glass, and somebody told me lately that he saw him hailing a police van, mistaking it for an omnibus. His face is often haggard and his air weary and disappointed, but he has the brow and eyes of a poet, which are always pleasant to look upon.

He generally says the right thing at the right minute and in the right way, and he is lustily cheered, but sitting among the opposition I have abundant reason to note that he is not completely trusted. It is said that young Stanley and other youngsters of his class believe in him and that the man who is so taciturn in parliament is a charming companion among his familiars and is a gracious and genial host. Some of his postprandial mots steal out and, I should think, make fatal enemies. Somebody asked him lately if Lord Robert M. was not a stupid ass. "No, no," said Benjamin, "not at all; he is a clever ass."—"My Life In Two Hemispheres," Sir Charles Gavan Duffy.

The Sure La Grippe Cure.

There is no use suffering from this dreadful malady, if you will only get the right remedy. You are having pain all through your body, your liver is out of order, have no appetite, no life or ambition, have a bad cold, in fact are completely used up. Electric Bitters is the only remedy that will give you prompt and sure relief. They act direcly on your Liver, Stomach and Kidneys, tone up the whole system and make you feel like a new being. They are guaranteed to cure or price refunded. For sale at A. Wadsworth's drug store, only 50c per bottle.

Elizabeth City District—3rd Round.—R. A. Willis, P. E., Elizabeth City, N. C

South Camden, Perkins,	June	4	5
Pasquotank Union,	"	11	12
Roper, Pleasant Grove,	"	18	19
Plymouth (night)	"		19
Edenton,	"	25	26
Pantego, at Pantego,	July	2	3
Gates, Zion,	"	9	10
Kinnakeet, Kinnakeet,	"	16	17
Hatteras, Cape, (at night)	"		17
North Gates, Kittrell's	"	23	24
Columbia, Scuppernong,	"		27
Perquimans, Oak Grove	"		31
" "	August		1
Currituck, Baxter's Grove	"		2
Dare, East Lake	"	6	7
Roanoke Island, Mt. Olivet,	"	13	14
Hertford, Evans,	"	21	22
Kitty Hawk,	"	27	28
Camden, Sharon	Sept.	4	5

The Elizabeth City District Conference will be held in Edenton on June 23d—26th.

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Log, No., U. S. A.

On looking at a late map of Missouri one will find the name "Log" as a postoffice at the extreme western end of Newton county and about eight miles southwest of Grand Falls. A few days ago Deputy United States Marshal Short had occasion to serve papers from the Oklahoma federal court on several persons residing in that direction, and he was given their postoffice address as Log. As it was not a familiar name in this vicinity he wandered about the hills until he came to the end of a log house extending from the brush and concluded that it was the place he was searching for. He asked for the postmaster, and a woman replied that she was the official, and upon inquiry as to her name the officer also learned that she was one of the parties to be subpoenaed. She was also asked why her office was called Log and stated that she didn't know exactly, but that when the office was first established it was called "Loghouse," which the postoffice department considered too lengthy, so it dropped the "house."—Kansas City Journal.

Advice to

Consumptives

There are three great remedies that every person with weak lungs, or with consumption itself, should understand.

These remedies will cure about every case in its first stages; and many of those more advanced. It is only the most advanced that are hopeless. Even these are wonderfully relieved and life itself greatly prolonged.

What are these remedies? Fresh air, proper food and

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of *Cod-Liver Oil with Hypophosphites.* Be afraid of draughts but not of fresh air. Eat nutritious food and drink plenty of milk. Do not forget that Scott's Emulsion is the oldest, the most thoroughly tested and the highest endorsed of all remedies for weak throats, weak lungs and consumption in all its stages.

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10¢ 25¢ 50¢ ALL DRUGGISTS

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PURELY VEGETABLE ..... CASCARETS are purely vegetable and contain no mercurial or other mineral poison. They are made of the latest remedies discovered and are a scientific combination never before put together in any form.

ANTISEPTIC LAXATIVE ..... CASCARETS are antiseptic. That means they stop undigested food from souring in the stomach, prevent fermentation in the bowels and kill disease germs of any kind that breed and feed in the system.

LIVER STIMULANT ..... CASCARETS tone the stomach and bowels and stimulate the lazy liver, making it work. They strengthen the bowels and put them into vigorous healthy condition, making their action easy and natural.

BOON FOR MOTHERS ..... CASCARETS increase the flow of milk to mothers. A mother eating CASCARETS transmits the medicinal elements to the baby, and it gets the benefit. A sweet cathartic for the mother makes a sweet cathartic for the baby. Do not physic your baby, but give it CASCARETS. They are a mild but certain effective cathartic for the baby, and a safe laxative for the babe-in-arms.

PLEASE THE CHILDREN ..... CASCARETS please children. They taste good and do good. Sting winedelic pains and cramps, and kill and drive off worms and all kinds of parasites that live in the bowels of the growing child.

CURE GUARANTEED ..... CASCARETS are guaranteed to cure or your money back. Inherited taint, perhaps, prevents many from being cured by CASCARETS, no matter how old and long standing the case. Then a few CASCARETS will be given away free, and if they do not cure, your money will be cheerfully refunded. Don't be humbugged into buying something else.

HEALTH FOR 10 CENTS ..... CASCARETS are sold by druggists all over the world. Million boxes a year. Size, 10c., 25c. and 50c. A 10c box will cure you. Start to-day. Be well. Be happy. Be your own doctor. Be your own judge. Be your own jury. Be your own executioner. Be your own friend. Be your own enemy. Be your own self. Be your own everything. Don't risk delay.

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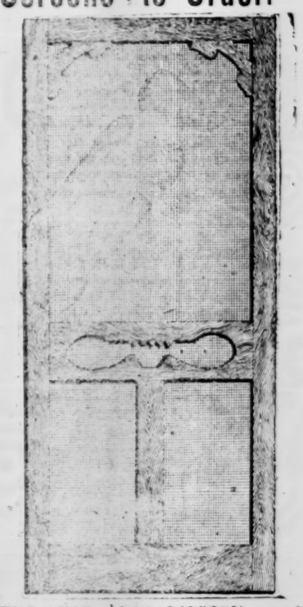

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Mayor—Charles A. Banks; Commissioners—Paleson John, Thomas A. Commander, J. A. Kramer, B. Frank Spence and Wm. W. Griggs. Clerk, Charles Gurkin; Treasurer, Geo. W. Grubb; Constable and Chief of Police, Wm. C. Brooks; Street Commissioner, Reuben W. Berry; Fire Commissioner, Allen K. Kramer; Attorney, I. M. Meekins.

Collector of Customs—Paleson John,

Postmaster—E. F. Lamb.

Examining Surgeons of Pensions—Drs. J. E. Wood, W. W. Griggs and W. J. Lumsden. Meet on the 1st and 3d Wednesdays of each month at the corner of Road and Church Sts

CHURCHES.

Methodist: J. H. Hall, pastor; Baptist, W. S. Penick, pastor; Episcopal, L. L. Williams, rector; Presbyterian, T. H. Johnston, pastor.

Methodist Episcopal Whedbee Built'g: Preaching 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., each Sunday. Sunday School at 3 p. m. Prayer meetings Tuesday nights. U. I. Hunter, pastor.

Evangelical Association, B. C. Krupp, pastor, Opera House, every Sunday morning and night.

Colored—Methodist, P. R. Anderson, pastor; Corner Stone, Z. H. Berry, pastor; Olive Branch, Lake Porter, pastor; Sawyer's Chapel, ——— pastor. Antioch, Presbyterian, S P Smith, pastor,

LODGES.

Masonic: Eureka Lodge No. 317 Geo. W. Brothers, jr. W. M.; Dr. J. B. Grigg, S. W.; Dr. A. L. Pendleton, J. W.; T. B. Wilson, S. D.; C. W. Grice, J. D.; B. F. Spence, Treas.; D. R. Bradford, Secretary; I. F. Sawyer, Chaplain; J. A. Hooper and T. J. Jordan, Stewarts; E. J. Shepherd, Tiler Meets 1st and 3d Tuesday nights.

Odd Fellows: Achores Lodge No. 14; W. H. Ballard, N. G.; W. A. Jones, V. G.; H. O. Hill, Secty; G. W. Twiddy, Treasurer.

Talula Encampment No. 8; Maurice Wescott, C. P.; W. A. Jones, H. P.; D. M. Simons, J. W.; H. O. Hill, Scribe; G. W. Twiddy, Treas.

Royal Arcanum, River Creek Council No. 1209; H. O. Hill, Regent; D. A. Morgan, Vice Regent; C. Gurkin, Orator; W. H. Zoeller, Secretary; F. M. Cook, Collector; W. J. Woodley, Treasurer. Meets every 1st and 3d Monday nights.

Knights of Honor; R. B. White, Dictator; J. H. Engle, Vice Dictator; F. J. Jordan, Reporter; T. B. Wilson, Finance Reporter; W. J. Trafton, Treasurer. Meets 1st and 4th Friday.

Pasquotank Tribe No. 8, I. O. R. M.; W. H. Sanford, Prophet; Will Anderson, Sachem; E. C. Lanier, Sagamore; James Spires, C. of R.; S. H. Morrell, K. of W.; J. F. Simpson, K. of W. Meet every Wednesday night.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Commissioners: E. C. Kramer, chairman; F. M. Godfrey, W. J. Williams. Standard Keeper, A. L. Jones. Health Officer, Dr. Isaah Fearing. Attorney, I. M. Meekins.

Sheriff, Thomas F. Willcox; Superior Court Clerk, John F. Overman; Register of Deeds, M. B. Culpepper; Treasurer, John S. Morris; County Supervisor I. M. Meekins; Board of Education: John D. Fulmer, Newton A Jones and John T. Davis.

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Terms Reasonable.

The North Carolinian.

Wednesday, June 1, 1898.

☞Still too much rain.

☞Beware of promise-breakers

☞When a man deceives you he can't expect to hold your friendship.

☞The dredging of Turner's cut is well under way.

☞The price of subscription to the CAROLINIAN is only $1 a year.

☞An extra demand for this issue obliges us to print a number of half sheets.

☞Special attention is called to the advertisement of valuable lots for sale by W. E. Dunstan.

☞Truckers are shipping Irish potatoes The first shipment from here was made by W. C. Glover, Commission merchant. They were were raised by W. T. Cartwright

☞Writes an old patron, on renewing his subscription: "This is my 22nd renewal. I have always found the CAROLINIAN to be truthful and that it is always safe to follow its advice."

☞Thanks for the letters from patron and friends congratulating us upon entering the 30th volume of the CAROLINIAN; for their kind words for the paper, and for their assurances of continued confidence in us.

☞At last the Supreme Court has handed down its opinion in the Water Works case. It is adverse. This is both a disappointment and surprise. It will cause a year's further delay, as a special election will have to be granted by the Legislature.

☞For thirty years the CAROLINIAN has been the exponent and advocate of the sound principles and wise policy of the Republican party in the First District, and its editor has always been in the thickest of the fight against the Bourbon Democracy. In the coming campaign both he and his paper will continue to do their duty.

☞On Wednesday morning last a young white man named Allen Gibbs was drowned in upper Pasquotank river by falling from a raft in tow of the steamer Nellie. His body was recovered and brought to the home of his parents who keep a boarding house at the foot of Fearing street. His remains were taken to his former home in Hyde county for interment.

☞We acknowledge a visit the other day from W. S. Mercer, Chaplain of the Farmers' Alliance. As he is a good talker, we let him do the most of it. He is evidently earnest and sincere. The good the Alliance has done in removing prejudice and intolerance, aye and ignorance, too, can scarcely be estimated. Mr. Mercer incidentally referred to some "free advertising" he had received, and said it was doing him "lots of good as such articles always do. See his appointments in another column.

☞At the Democatic Judicial Convention held at Plymouth last week Hon. George H. Brown was renominated for Judge. That he is an able lawyer is conceded. Who his competitor will be is to be decided. With a wise selection Judge Brown will by no means have a "walk over." For Solicitor our townsman George W. Ward was selected to make the race. Personally we like him, strong Democrat as he is, and, too, we are free to say that he is studious and keeps himself posted; but he won't be elected. Indications point to Isaac M. Meekins, of our town, as the Republican nominee. He is a young man of ability, has a legal cast of mind and is rapidly winning success at the bar, having cases and practice in over half of the counties of the District.

☞Circumstances arousing suspicion that Mrs. Weeks, whose tragic death was noticed last week, was murdered the building fired to conceal the crime, a Coronor's Inquest was held. The evidence, briefly stated, was that Walter Chory, living across the road, was awakened and saw the top of Mrs Weeks's porch burning; by the time he dressed and reached the house it was in a blaze; a boy sleeping in a room adjoining the bedroom of Mrs Weeks was the first of the inmates to dicover the fire and ran into her room and awakened the little daughter who slept with her mother; not finding the latter, he thought she had gone out to give alarm; when the neighbors arrived they found the front door open, the lock of which, a new one, was afterward fished from the ashes and was broken; the remains of Mrs Weeks's body were found in the corner of the room containing her money and papers. The supposition is that she was wakened by the noise of the person in room at her trunk, got up to investigate and was murdered. The jury reported:

That the said Mattie B. Weeks came to her death by the hands of an unknown person or persons to the jury. W. M. Baxter, C. C. Thompson, F. M. Newby, D. R. Walston, Thomas Jennings, Joseph Banks, Jury; Alex. Armstrong, Coronor.

☞People are seldom what they seem to think you think they are.

☞NOTICE TO FISHERMEN:—For Nets and Twines, see Fowler & Co.

☞Columbia is cackling over a four-legged chicken. It *is* a curiosity, sure enough.

☞Supplies for the Signal Station at Hatteras were sent down a few days ago.

☞If you want a nice Suit of Clothes and get good value for your money, go to Fowler & Co.'s

☞On the 22nd ult., at South Mills, Mrs Mary Taylor departed this life, aged about 72 years.

☞The man who doesn't turn up at Moses Weisel's Gents Furnishing Goods sale is very apt to be turned down by judges of elegant styles.

☞We never have a good opinion of a man to whom making an apology comes as easily as crying comes to a woman.

☞How are you off for Blankets We have 'em, the best to be had from 50c the pair to $5. Moses Weisel.

☞The right price on Dress Goods at Fowler & Co.'s

☞It was a saying of Abraham Lincoln that the Lord loved the common people because he made so many of them.

☞SHOES, SHOES, SHOES, for the young and old at Fowler & Co's at bottom prices.

☞The calamity howler should not be in too much of a hurry to lift up his voice. The indications now point to a good price for farm products.

☞There are plenty of people owning land who look upon fruit raising as waste of time, but when the fruit is ripe enjoy eating it.

☞It requires as much time to get away from a persistent agent as as it does to say good bye to an affectionate woman.

☞Fowler & Co. are closing out small lots of Shoes for Misses, Ladies and Men at about half price, to clear up their stock.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

☞Fish and Oysters at the City Fish and Oyster Market, opposite Swain's Hotel. 'Phone No. 123.
T. T. Whitcomb,

☞Table Linen and Towels without any extra tariff on them at Fowler & Company's.

☞If you are going to buy a Parasol or Umbrella, it will pay you to examine Fowler & Co.'s before buying

A WORD ABOUT BRICK: Everybody needing Brick want a good quality—an article that will wear and last. The Thompson Works manufacture the best for building and all other purposes made in this section. They are well burned and "all right" in every respect. All orders promptly filled. Address F. G Thompson, manager Elizabeth City, N. C

An Old Idea.

Every day strengthens the belief of eminent physicians that impure blood is the cause of the majority of our diseases. Twenty-five years ago this theory was used as a basis for the formula of Browns' Iron Bitters. The many remarkable cures effected by this famous old household remedy are sufficient to prove that the theory is correct. Browns' Iron Bitters is sold by all dealers.

☞At the late Populist State Convention a Committee was appointed to confer with other parties in reference to "fusion." It met and asked the Democratic Convention last week to appoint a similar Committee. This was declined. Of course, this ends Populist-Democratic fusion. Everything now points to an overwhelming defeat of the Bourbon Democracy. So mote it be.

☞From the May number of the Inland Magazine we copy the following notice which, we feel sure, will interest the friends and acquaintenances of Miss Cobbe in this locality:

Among the exchanges that come to our table, none of its kind is more attractive than the Woman's Home Journal, from the Wood Publishing Co., Hudson, Mass. Mira L. Cobbe is the editor, and she lends a daintiness to her work that only a woman can. The departments are varied, the selections good, the stories clean, the typography attractive. If any lady wishes a 50 cents journal, suited to her special needs, she will certainly find it here.

☞The annual Commencement Exercises of the Elizabeth City State Colored Normal School closed at the Court House on Friday night. It has been the most successful commencement occasion in the history of this now well established institution. The essays by the young ladies were of a high order, evincing thought and intellectual power; and the orations by the young gentlemen were particularly well delivered. The Annual Address was delivered by Prof. E. A. Johnson, of the Law Department of Shaw University, Raleigh. His subject was "Self Reliance." While there was no attempt at spread-eagle oratory, the address was brimful of wisdom and philosophy—a plain statement of practical and common sense truths especially adapted for the occasion. It was interspersed with bits of poetry, humor and wit, and it made a decidedly good impression.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

LOCAL MENTION

The sun rose this morning at 4:44 and will set to-night at 7:11.—Every one is a jingo in his love affairs.—The steamer Undine is on Scott's railways for repairs.—Misses Ettie and Estella Davis have returned from Oxford, where they have been attending school.—A green cyclest makes a fat repair shop.—The man who never made mistakes never made anything.—Miss Bertha Keffer, of Newberne, is visiting the daughters of Mr. H. O. Hill.—Speculating sounds more refined than gambling, but a fellow is apt to lose equally as much.—Mrs. W. N. Crawford and daughter have left for Alabama to join her husband, engaged in the lumber business there.—

Much preliminary conversation,
Projects fair may serve to balk;
Men who always "talk things over"
Generally overtalk.

—Cynics and pessimists have a hard roe to hoe in this contrary world.—Misses Evaline Russell and Lulu Fries, of Norfolk, are visiting relatives here.—Many a Sunday-chuch-going man shoots the chute of forgetfulness the following Monday.—Miss Myrtle Casteen is visiting the family of Mr. J. R. Pinner, on North Road street.—"Let us have some soda water," said one sweet thing to another the other evening. "All right. I'll take Manilla," was the reply. Its the latest soda flavor.—Bradford's large brick building on Southwest corner of Main and Poindexter streets, is well on towards completion. It will be the handsomest in the city.—Every man is valued in this world about as he shows by his conduct he wishes to be valued.—Saith the Poet:

Life is too short for any work
That is not high and true;
Too short to slight the broader aim
God meant should come to you.

—Few men can resist the temptation to swallow undeserved praise.—H. O. Hill, the tinner, has sent one of his workmen to Pea Island Life Saving Station to do some repairing there for the government.—The biggest news isn't always to be looked for under the biggest type.—Mr. J. H. C. Wilson, of Iowa, Government Post Office Inspector, was in the city the other day. He gave us a call. He is a very a very courteous and well posted gentleman.—"My wife," said a certain man the other day, "used to call me a brute when I displeased her, but she has changed her term of opprobrium." On being asked what she says now under the circumstonces, he he replied "You Spaniard!" Doubtless she thinks it more effective.—Hums the Jingler:

Breathes there a man with soul so dead
With less high spirit than a mouse,
Who ever to himself hath said:
"My wife this Spring shall not clean house."

—There would be fewer axes ground if the grinders had to turn the crank.—Mrs. J. H. Burgess and granddaughter have returned from a visit to relatives in Norfolk.—While love makes the world go 'round it does not always have so much control over the income.—Miss Lina V. James and Miss Elizabeth Davis are off on a several weeks' visit to Washington City—"There is only one thing in this country thicker than soldiers just now," remarked a citizen. Upon being asked "what is it?" he replied "rumors." They *are* multitudinous.—The dwelling house of Mr. E. C Kramer on the Southwest corner of Main and Martin streets, now nearly finished, will be the most attractive in the city. By the way Elizabeth City is becoming noted for its handsome residences and buildings.—Any young man who can save money during his engagement can afford to marry the girl.—Says the Versifier:

'Tis moving time in Cuba,
The message has been sent;
Let Dons move out and Cubans in,
While Freedom pays the rent.

—It was at the West End. "I'm sure you can guess what brings me here," began the suitor. "Perhaps I can," replied the young lady, "but I would like to know what will take you away." He soon left and has not returned.—Prof. E. A. Johnson, of the the Law Department of Shaw University at Raleigh, accompanied by Prof. P. W. Moore, Principal or the State Colored Normal School in this City, gave us a call on Friday. The one is a leading lawyer of his race in the State, the other one of its foremost educators.—The Bachelor says that if a woman could drive a nailstraight she probably couldn't drive a man so crooked.—The following is to the point:

The man who lies, and truth defies
Never can be trusted;
Quite soon he'll be, as you'll surely see,
In reputation busted.

—Elisha Overton, Contractor and Builder, has just finished a neat dwelling house for Mr. Leroy, on West Main street, and has commenced work on buildings for W. J. Broughton and J. W. Sharber, on Poindexter street.—On Friday we had calls from several of our Colored friends, among them A. J. Ferebee, of Shawboro, Abner Dey, of Poplar Branch, O. D. Cartwright and C. B. Barnard, of Camden—Prof. T. H. Briggs informs us that the contributions to the Worth Bagley Monument fund were $33.55, which he forwarded on Saturday.—Bishop Watson officiated at the Episcopal Church on Sunday, There were two confirmed.—The new dwelling house of Mrs. Neal, on the South West corner of Church and Martin streets, is enclosed.—Joseph Pritchard, the "House Mover," is kept busy He always "gets there."—E. A. Alderman, President of the State University, will deliver the Annual Address at the Commencement of the Atlantic Collegiate Institute, at Lowry's Academy, on Monday night, the 13th inst. Fuller notice next week.—E. S. Willey is having an engine and boiler put in his Ship Yard shop.

THE LATEST

The following is a synopsis of the latest news up to going to press:

May 29th.—The President has issued a call for 75,000 more volunteers, it has been decided to use them to fill existing regiments to their maximan number.—The Administration's plans for invading Cuba and Porto Rico are waiting for positive information that the Spanish squadron is blockaced in Santiago Harbor.—The Navy Department received information from private sources that Admiral Cervera's squdron is still in the harbor of Santiago de Cuba, with Commodore Schley's fleet blockading its escape.

May 30.—The insurgents at Cavite have rejected Spanish overtures, and Admiral Dewey expects them to render valuable service in attacking Manilla.—Orders were issued for General Shafter to move with the troops at Tampa, probably on to Porto Rico, though perhaps on Cuba; the expedition will be convoyed by some of Sampson's strongest ships.—Gen. Merritt received orders giving him discretion in the government of the Philipines, and indicating that a permanent occupation is intended; eight thousand troops were added to those under his command.—The prize steamer Panama will be sold at New York, while the other prizes captured and condemed since the war began will be sold at Key West.—The three spies who tried to blow up a mortar battery at Key West escaped in a schooner.

Key West, May 30.—Spain's flying squadron, four large cruisers and two torpedo boat destroyers, is imprisoned in Santiago harbor. This has been known here for forty-eight hours, and the speculation now is over the probable disposition of the Spaniards, whether they will be blockaded or the forts reduced and the vessels compelled to fight.

May 31.—Five hundred Cubans and a large quantity of arms and ammunition was safely landed in Cuba without firing a single gun.

Santiago is the objective point of invading army. Many troops have already embarked, including heavy artilery, siege guns, pontoon trains and a corps of engineers with road building outfits.

HERE'S YOUR CHANCE

I HAVE NINE ACRES OF LAND adjoining Old Fair Ground which I will sell as a whole or in

ONE ACRE LOTS.

This land is covered with trees, large and small, furnishing a good shade to each lot and a quantity of fire wood. WHY HAVE A PINCHED UP LOT when you can get a plenty of room and raise something to eat? This land is nearer to mills and factories than a great many other lots that are being sold. The title is perfect.

WILL BE SOLD CHEAP

and on monthly payments.

Don't wait until all are sold. This is a chance of a lifetime. Special inducements to buyer of the whole or several lots

W. E DUNSTAN,
Elizabeth City, N. C.

$100.

Dr. E. Detchon's Anti Diuretic

May be worth to you more than $100 if you have a child who soils bedding from incontinence of water during sleep. Cures old and young alike. It arrests the trouble at once $1. Sold by Griggs & Son, Druggists, Elizabeth City, N. C.

No Cure—No Pay.

That is the way all druggists sell GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC for Chills and Malaria. It is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. Children love it. Adults prefer it to bitter nauseating tonics. Price, 50 cents.

Of course we don't expect to get all, but those we don't get will be left. Remember that.

So drop in occasionally, whether you hy anything or not. You will be welcome just the same.

Remember we are at the bottom of low prices. If you have doubts you have only to put us to the test and we invite a comparison of quality and prices by the public.

As proof of the popularity of our goods and prices we have only to refer to the rapid growth of our business, which compelled us to have more room and drove us into a larger store.

We cordially invite the public to call before buying elsewhere.

Yours to please,
J. A. HOOPER & CO.

Ripans Tabules: gentle cathartic.
Ripans Tabules cure indigestion.
Ripans Tabules: pleasant laxative.
Ripans Tabules cure liver troubles.

OUR COLORED PEOPLE

BY SPECIAL REPORTER.

[Items of interest concerning the Colored People will regularly appear in this column.]

Mr. M. A. Butt left Saturday for his home at Columbia.

Messrs J. W. Parker and Cal Edney, of Edenton, were in the city Saturday.

Mr. C. A. Jenkins came down from Hertford Saturday and spent Sunday here.

Miss C. N. Kearney, of the State Normal, left yesterday en route to her home at Warrenton.

Mrs. Frances Etheridge, of Manteo, returned home Monday, after having spent last week with friends here.

Rumor reports that one of our worthy citizens will take unto himself a bride next week.

Miss Susan F. Overton has returned from Philadelphia and is here the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Susan Dozier.

Misses J. O. and H. S. Rayner, of Windsor, arrived Friday last to visit their sister, Mrs. S. T. Moore.

Quarterly conference at Mt. Lebanon Friday night.

The corner stone of a church near Winfall was laid with Masonic ceremonies on Saturday.

The State Grand Lodge, I. O. G. S. and D. of S. will convene here on the 9th. Local lodges are making extensive preparations.

Dr. W. H. Graves, of Oxford, a recent graduate of Leonard Medical School, Raleigh, is here with an idea of locating.

Rev. J. W. Edney will preach at Preyotown Mission Friday night, at which time the revival services will begin.

Memorial Day was appropriately observed here on Monday. Prof. P. W. Moore delivered the address and Rev. W. C. Butler will preach the memorial sermon at Olive Branch Sunday.

The annual sermon to the N. & I. Institute was preached at Mt Lebanon Church Sunday morning by Rev. J. S. Caldwell, of Philadelphia. The sermon was appropriate, instructive and eloquent. The exercises in the Court House Monday and last night were interesting and decidedly creditable. The Normal Department presents a well arranged program to-night Also the annual address will be delivered by Rev. W. W Mix, of Philadelphia.

STATE NORMAL CLOSING NOTES:—On Wednesday and Thursday nights of last week the Junior and Middle Classes entertained large audiences with choice selections, dialogues, declamations and music. Short addresses were also delivered by Messrs. D. W. Perkins and Hugh Cale. On Friday night the Senior Class' program of essays, orations and music was very commendable and was effectively rendered. Through the kindness of Messrs. I. M Meekins and B F. Spence, (white) both of whom were present, medals were offered by the first for the best oration and the second for the best essay. This was a complete surprise to all, though nevertheless highly appreciated. Mr. G. R. Whitfield, of Stokes, was awarded the first medal and Miss Carrie Sallings, of Gatesville, the second. The presentation was made by Prof. T. H. Briggs, of the Atlantic Collegiate Institute. The annual address by Prof. Johnson was practical, forceful and impressive. According to the opinions expressed by some who attended them the exercises just ended surpassed those of any previous session.

Buckien's Arnica Salve

The best Salve in the world for Cuts Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilbains Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25c per box. For sale by Alex. Wadsworth

W. H. Morris,
Veterinary Surgeon.

Having made the Diseases of Horses a special study, is now devoting attention to their cure. He has had marked success in treating staggers, affections of the lungs, lock jaw, etc. He also treats all Domestic Animals.

Examinations at his office on Main street, Elizabeth City, N. C., FREE OF CHARGE

FREE $50 *Bicycle!* To Agents as a sample. This is the opportunity for a live hustler. For particulars address. POWER CYCLE CO., Indianapolis, Ind.

2 LARGE STORES CONNECTED and UNDER **1** LIBERAL MANAGEMENT

Our business largely increased, it became necessary to have more room; have rented the STORE NEXT TO OUR OLD STAND, in which we are showing a

CHEAP AND LARGE

Stock of Clothing, Shoes and Gent's Furnishing Goods, Hats etc. The

OLD STAND

is stocked with a choice and low price line of DRESS GOODS, ETC., LADIES' & CHILDREN'S SHOES MILLINERY, &c. New Goods arriving daily. Come and see them.

Moses Weisel,

AN OPEN LETTER
To MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS, OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

I, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, *of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of* "CASTORIA," *the same that has borne and does now bear* Chas. H. Fletcher. *on every the fac-simile signature of wrapper. This is the original* "CASTORIA" *which has been used in the homes of the Mothers of America for over thirty years.*

LOOK CAREFULLY *at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought* Chas. H. Fletcher. *on the and has the signature of wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company, of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President. March 24, 1898.*

Samuel Pitcher M. D.

Do Not Be Deceived.

Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which *even he* does not know.

"The Kind You Have Always Bought"
BEARS THE SIGNATURE OF
Chas. H. Fletcher.

Insist on Having
The Kind That Never Failed You.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

We do Not Have to Talk a Man to Death

to sell our goods. We buy from first hands in large quantities and receive a fresh supply daily. We make a specialty of Fancy Groceries and Canned Goods, and pride ourselves on the fact that while the quality is 'way up in G the prices defy competition. Nothing gives us more pleasure than to show goods, because by thus doing we are sure to secure trade

Prices and Quality Sell the Goods.

In addition to our already large stock of Groceries, Immense supply of Sugars, Cargoes of Flour, and general Wholesale and Retail Supplies, we have recently added Lime, Cement and Builder's Material generally. We can guarantee these goods. Long experience and practical knowledge with the trade has taught us a thing or two and we are ready to convince you. Our

Wholesale Department,

like our Retail Department, is always kept up-to-date. Right here let us say that in the matter of buying we have saved money for others and can do so for you. We know what we are talking about and mean business. Call on us; you'll find us sociable; we have been since we were a boy.

W. J. Woodley, No. 138 and 140 Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

Dress Goods.

Unusual good value in Plain and Fancy Spring and Summer Dress Goods at Fowler & o's

Hosiery

Before buying your Hosiery, examine the prices and qualites at Fowler & o's.

Clothing.

Fowler & o. re offering some Special Bargains in alothing. Some heavy weight or Winter Clothing will be sold for about half their value

Fowler & o.'s Store is full of new goods and new prices. Give them a call.

Everybody is Invited
—TO VISIT THE STORE OF—
W. T. DAVIS
No32 Main Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

YOU WILL FIND A FULL
Stock of Groceries
which I am offering at rock bottom prices. Call and you will find anything usually kept in a first-class Grocery Store.

ONE GIVES RELIEF.

Don't Spend a Dollar
for
Medicine
until you have tried

RIPANS TABULES

You can buy them in the paper 5-cent cartons

Ten Tabules for Five Cents.

This sort is put up cheaply to gratify the universal present demand for a low price.

If you don't find this sort of

Ripans Tabules At the Druggist's

Send Five Cents to THE RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 10 Spruce St., New York, and they will be sent to you by mail; or 12 cartons will be mailed for 48 cents. The chances are ten to one that Ripans Tabules are the very medicine you need.

Ripans Tabules cure nause. Ripans Tabules: at druggists.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets,—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed. 10c, 25c, 50c.

The largest room in the world under one roof and unbroken by pillars is at St. Petersburg. It is 620 feet long by 120 feet in breadth.

To Cure A Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

There is a club in Penang, on the west coast of the Malay Peninsula, composed of Chinese, who hold debates in English.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.

Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c. $1. All druggists.

A special school for backward children has been established in Philadelphia, and two more are contemplated.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

In Japan every workman wears on his cap an inscription stating his business and his employer's name.

We will give $100 reward for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured with Hall's Catarrh Cure. Taken internally.
F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

A caterpillar in the course of a month will devour 600 times its own weight in food.

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets, Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

A doctor says that the growth of children takes place entirely while they are asleep.

Sent free, Klondike Map

From Gold Commission's official survey. Address Gardner & Co., Colorado Springs, Colo.

Only eight per cent. of Russia's enormous population can read and write.

Fits permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

France pays in pensions every year 70,-million francs.

Hip Disease

Terrible Results of a Fall—How Health Was Restored.

"I was injured by a fall and began to have pains in my knees, and one of my limbs cramped and pained me severely. Physicians decided that I had a severe case of hip disease. I was taken to a hospital and underwent an operation but a cure was not effected. I had seven running sores on one limb. At last I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla and improved from the first bottle. Hood's Sarsaparilla has entirely cured me and I am to-day in perfect health." JOHN C. BOYLE, 45 Water Street, Ware, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is America's Greatest Medicine. Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Get only Hood's.

Hood's Pills

are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Consuelo's Spaniel.

A tradition exists in the ducal house of Marlborough that a tiny spaniel followed the founder of the family through the battle of Blenheim, unharmed, and on its return the Duchess adopted it as her special pet, and to honor the tradition each succeeding Duchess has had presented to her, on assuming the title, a little "Blenheim."

It is said that the first present given by the young Duke to his bride after their homecoming was one of these spaniels.

On the return of the first Duke from the famous battle of Blenheim, in 1704, Queen Anne gave him in recognition of his great victory over the French the large tract of land on which the palace now stands, and since that time each year the Duke sends to Windsor Castle, as a kind of rent, a little flag on which is embroidered a French fleur de lis. This is hung in one of the halls of the castle.—New York World.

It never rains between the first and second cataracts of the Nile.

THE ILLS OF WOMEN

And How Mrs. Pinkham Helps Overcome Them.

Mrs. MARY BOLLINGER, 1101 Marianna St., Chicago, Ill., to Mrs. Pinkham:

"I have been troubled for the past two years with falling of the womb, leucorrhœa, pains over my body, sick headaches, backache, nervousness and weakness. I tried doctors and various remedies without relief. After taking two bottles of your Vegetable Compound, the relief I obtained was truly wonderful. I have now taken several more bottles of your famous medicine, and can say that I am entirely cured."

Mrs. HENRY DORR, No. 806 Findley St., Cincinnati, Ohio, to Mrs. Pinkham:

"For a long time I suffered with chronic inflammation of the womb, pain in abdomen and bearing-down feeling. Was very nervous at times, and so weak I was hardly able to do anything. Was subject to headaches, also troubled with leucorrhœa. After doctoring for many months with different physicians, and getting no relief, I had given up all hope of being well again when I read of the great good Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was doing. I decided immediately to give it a trial. The result was simply past belief. After taking four bottles of Vegetable Compound and using three packages of Sanative Wash I can say I feel like a new woman. I deem it my duty to announce the fact to my fellow sufferers that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable remedies have entirely cured me of all my pains and suffering. I have her alone to thank for my recovery, for which I am grateful. May heaven bless her for the good work she is doing for our sex."

MENTION THIS PAPER WHEN REPLYING TO ADVTS. NYNU—21.

Try Grain-O!
Try Grain-O!

Ask your Grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee.

The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. ¼ the price of coffee.

15 cents and 25 cents per package. Sold by all grocers.

Tastes like Coffee
Looks like Coffee

MONTEREY FOR MANILA.

Our Most Powerful Monitor to Reinforce Admiral Dewey.

HURRYING THE PHILIPPINE ARMY

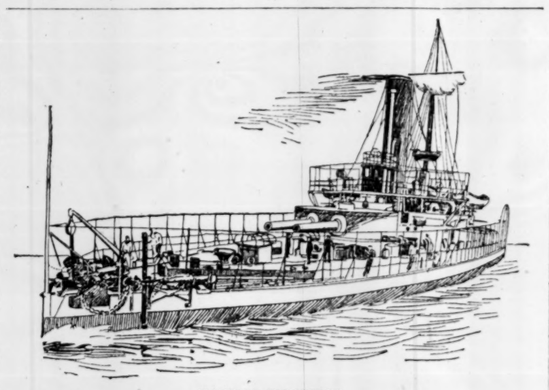
Admiral Miller is Commanding the Pacific Station From His Hotel Because His Ships Have Sailed or Are Preparing to Sail For Manila—Troops Mobilizing Rapidly at the San Francisco Camp.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal. (Special).—Military and naval authorities evinced unusual satisfaction over the favorable turn taken by the preparations for dispatching the remainder of the Philippine expedition from San Francisco.

The Pacific Station just now is, being commanded by Admiral Miller from his hotel in San Francisco, because there is no war vessel available on which he can hoist his flag. Admiral Miller and his staff have recently returned from Hawaii, where for six weeks they lived ashore at Honolulu and conducted all the business of the station.

Admiral Miller applied to be ordered home, and a few days ago arrived in San Francisco, still exercising command, however over the entire Pacific coast station, which extends now from Alaska on the north clear down to Cape Horn.

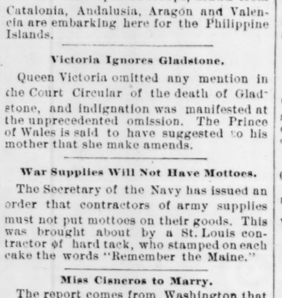
The Monterey has been thoroughly cleaned and repainted in dock here, and after the addition of some tubes in her boilers and condensers, requiring about five days' work, she will be ready to depart



MONITOR MONTEREY.
(Ordered to Manila to reinforce Admiral Dewey's fleet.)

for Manila. It is the idea to have her proceed to Honolulu under her own steam, the Brutus standing by to offer assistance if it is needed. Both vessels will recoal at Honolulu, and then set out for the Marshall Islands, which are nearer to Honolulu than San Francisco. Thence the two ships will be almost continually in sight of small islands, most of them in Spain's Caroline group, until the Philippines are reached.

The Monterey's addition to Admiral Dewey's fleet, together with the dispatch of thousands of troops to Manila, is ample evidence that the administration has assumed a strong policy on the Philippine question and is determined to take no chance of dispossession until such time as the United States itself has arranged



ADMIRAL MILLER.
(In command of the Pacific Station.)

for the disposition of the islands. The Monterey is probably the most formidable monitor in the world; yet she combines with the enormous offensive and defensive qualities of the monitor type a seaworthiness that is remarkable. She has bunker room for only 200 tons of coal, and though more might be stored on her decks, it is doubtful whether she could at the utmost carry more than enough coal to take her to Honolulu, one-third of the way to the Philippines.

SPAIN'S PHILIPPINE FORCE.

She Has Over 12,000 Troops There to Oppose Our Invasion.

MADRID, Spain (By Cable).—According to recent Spanish official reports of the troops now in the Philippine Islands, there are 7000 men in Manila, 1000 on the island of Mindanao, 1500 in Iloilo, on the island of Panay, 2000 on the island of Cebu (spelled also Zebu), and 800 on the island of Leyte. There is no artillery outside of Manila and the forts.

Mindanao is the largest of the islands next to Luzon, on which latter island Manila is situated. Mindanao is 500 miles from Manila, Iloilo is 300 miles, Cebu and Leyte, side by side, about 400 miles.

Troops For Philippines.

BARCELONA, Spain (By Cable).—Between 8000 and 10000 Spanish troops, drawn from Catalonia, Andalusia, Aragon and Valencia are embarking here for the Philippine Islands.

Victoria Ignores Gladstone.

Queen Victoria omitted any mention in the Court Circular of the death of Gladstone, and indignation was manifested at the unprecedented omission. The Prince of Wales is said to have suggested to his mother that she make amends.

War Supplies Will Not Have Mottoes.

The Secretary of the Navy has issued an order that contractors of army supplies must not put mottoes on their goods. This was brought about by a St. Louis contractor of hard tack, who stamped on each cake the words "Remember the Maine."

Miss Cisneros to Marry.

The report comes from Washington that Evangelina Cossio y Cisneros, the Cuban girl who escaped from prison in Havana by the aid of a newspaper reporter, is soon to marry Carlos Carbonnel, formerly a Cuban banker, who was nominated a few days ago by President McKinley to be a Lieutenant and aid on the staff of Major-General Fitzhugh Lee. It is said that Carbonnel assisted the reporter in helping Miss Cisneros to escape.

A Spanish Trick.

The Spanish torpedo-boat destroyer Terror coaled in Fort de France harbor, preparatory to sailing, from the alleged hospital ship Alicante, which proves to be a collier in disguise.

Mobilization Point in the East.

In accordance with recommendations of General Frank Secretary Alger has designated Hempstead, N. Y., as a mobilization point for such of the volunteers in the Department of the East as the general commanding may see fit to send there. It is said that the troops to be assembled at Hempstead will be organized into a division, which indicates that between 8000 and 10,000 will comprise the force rendezvoused there

Dewey Boulevard in San Francisco.

The San Francisco Board of Supervisors changed the name of Balboa Boulevard to Dewey Boulevard, in honor of the hero of Manila

HOLLAND'S NEW SCHEME.

He Would Destroy the Cape Verde Fleet With His Diving Boat.

NEW YORK CITY (Special).—John P. Holland, inventor of the Holland submarine boat, left for Washington to offer his ser-

JOHN P. HOLLAND.
(Offers to destroy the Spanish fleet with his submarine boat.)

vices and his disappearing boat to the Government to destroy the Spanish fleet in the harbor of Santiago de Cuba.

Mr. Holland feels convinced that he could destroy the Spanish ships without much trouble. He says he can get a volunteer crew to man his boat.

The Holland is now in the dry-dock at Erie Basin undergoing alterations. The greatest secrecy prevails as to what alterations have been decided upon or how she will be equipped. No strangers are admitted aboard and even the members of the Naval Reserves on duty at the basin were told to leave the vicinity of the dry-dock after the Holland had been placed there.

It is understood that the diving rudders are to be made smaller. This, it is expected, will give the Holland greater facilities to dive and will enable those aboard to handle her with greater accuracy.

According to the plan which Mr. Holland now has in mind, he will withdraw a short distance after he has blown up the mines in Santiago, will submerge his boat and will make the trip into the harbor under water. He is confident that he can get right under any ship he selects for attack sometime before any one in the harbor knows that the boat has passed the entrance.

LYNCHED FOR MURDER.

Mob Hangs a Colored Youth For Killing a White Boy.

SALISBURY, Md. (Special). — Garfield King, colored, aged about eighteen years, was taken from the jail at this place, hanged to a tree and shot.

He was awaiting trial on the charge of having deliberately shot Herman Kenny, a white boy about the same age as himself. A number of men from the neighborhood in which Kenny's parents live rode into town and broke down the jail doors, forced open the cell in which King was confined, and dragged him out, the colored man all the while fighting desperately and pleading for mercy. A light clothesline was tied about his neck, thrown over a limb and the unfortunate boy was strung up. The rope broke and he fell, seemingly unconscious.

After lying in this condition for a few minutes he regained his feet and made an effort to escape. His captors shot him through the body and beat and kicked him without mercy, then placed the rope around his neck and strung him up a second time. As he dangled in the air at least fifty pistol bullets were fired into his body, which was left hanging while the lynchers dispersed.

DONALDSONVILLE, Ga. (Special).—Dick Oliver, a young colored man, was lynched near here for attempting to attack a white woman.

SPAIN IMPRESSING SHIPS.

All Available Vessels Will Be Armed as Coast Defenders.

LONDON (By Cable).—It is learned here that Senor Aunon, the Spanish Minister of Marine, has notified the Governors of the Spanish ports to impress all Spanish steamships which are upward of 1200 tons burden and have a speed of twelve knots.

These vessels will be armed as coast defenders. Compensation to their owners will be based upon the original cost of the steamers, with a deduction for wear and tear.

GERMAN GUNS FOR SPAIN.

Said to Have Been Passed by Customs Officers as "Kitchen Furniture."

Information obtained at Gibraltar from a trustworthy source says that a consignment of forty Krupp guns, suitable for forts or battleships, have been sent from Essen, in Germany, to Cadiz, and are now on their way through Spain.

It is said that they passed through the German, French and Spanish custom houses as "kitchen furniture."

How the Army Will Stand.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—Adjutant General Corbin has prepared a statement showing the strength of the military forces of the United States when organized in accordance with the plans now under way:

Regular army, 62,000 men.
Volunteers from States (first call), 125,000 men.
Three cavalry regiments at large, 3000 men.
Ten infantry regiments, United States Volunteers (immunes), 10,000 men.
Engineers at large, 3500 men.
Volunteers called for to-day, 75,000 men.
This makes a grand total of 278,500 men.

United States Troops at Camp Black.

As a New York National Guard encampment Camp Black on Hempstead Plains, L. I., went out of existence and Major General Roe's command now consists of his staff and three privates, the latter being in the hospital—too ill to be mustered into the United States service. The last two regiments, the Twenty-second and Forty-seventh, were sworn in and now there are four regiments of volunteers on the plains, with Colonel Hoffman of the Third Provisional in command, by virtue of his seniority.

The Astor Battery.

The Government has accepted John Jacob Astor's offer of a battery. It will be equipped as a mountain battery.

Alleged Murderer Hangs Himself.

"Buck" Davis, the notorious criminal, who was sentenced to Dannemora Prison for jail breaking at Salem, N. Y., and was wanted in Schenectady for the alleged murder of George R. Blodgett, committed suicide in the Salem jail. He made a rope out of his bedclothes and tying it above the bed, fell back and strangled himself.

War Stops Foreign Cruising.

The Massachusetts nautical training ship Enterprise, Commander Iverson, will leave Boston shortly on a cruise along the coast of Maine, the annual foreign cruise having been abandoned on account of the war.

CALL FOR MORE TROOPS.

The President Issues a Proclamation Asking For 75,000 Volunteers.

THE MEN TO SERVE TWO YEARS.

The Land Forces to Be Brought Up to 280,000 Men—Enlistments Will Be Open, Not From the National Guard—The Number to Be Apportioned Among the States and Territories.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The President issued a proclamation calling for 75,000 more volunteers. This will make the total army strength, regular and volunteer, 280,000 men. The proclamation reads as follows:

A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, An act of Congress was approved on the 25th day of April, 1898, entitled "An act declaring that war exists between the United States of America and the Kingdom of Spain;" and

Whereas, By an act of Congress entitled "An act to provide for temporarily increasing the military establishment of the United States in time of war and for other purposes" approved April 22, 1898, the President is authorized, in order to raise a volunteer army, to issue his proclamation calling for volunteers to serve in the army of the United States:

Now, therefore, I, William McKinley, President of the United States, by virtue of the power vested in me by the constitution and the laws, and deeming sufficient occasion to exist, have thought fit to call forth, and hereby do call forth, volunteers to the aggregate number of 75,000, in addition to the volunteers called forth by my proclamation of the twenty-third day of April, in the present year, the same to be apportioned, as far as practicable, among the several States and Territories, and the District of Columbia, according to population, and to serve for two years, unless sooner discharged. The proportion of each arm and the details of enlistment and organization will be made known through the War Department.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the City of Washington, this twenty-fifth day of May, in the of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and twenty-second. WILLIAM MCKINLEY.

By the President.
WILLIAM R. DAY, Secretary of State.

Secretary Alger said that the additional volunteers called for will not be recruited from the National Guard, as were the first 125,000, but that the enlistments will be open.

DESTROYED NUDE FIGURES.

Young Woman's Prejudice Led Her to Destroy Valuable Works of Art.

Because Miss Dorothy Mauer, of Omaha, Neb., did not admire the nude in art she secured an ax and chopped to pieces a number of groups of Cupids which decorated the fine art building of the Transmissouri Exposition. She also tried her weapon upon several pieces of costly statuary of undressed figures. The young woman performed the feat at the hour of midnight, and occupied a most perilous position, hanging out over the grand court of honor. Had the frail network to which she was clinging given way she would have fallen fifty feet to the stone pavement.

When she had done the work to her satisfaction, the girl descended to the ground, again performing a feat involving great danger. She was met by a police-man and several exposition guards, who had been begging the girl to desist and come down. Taken to the police station, a charge of malicious destruction of property was placed against her. Her friends furnished a bond, and she was released. The groups of statuary destroyed were very valuable and are utterly ruined.

To Build the Nicaragua Canal.

Senator Stewart has introduced a bill in the Senate, Washington, providing for the construction of a canal across the Isthmus of Darien by the Nicaragua Canal bill route. The bill looks to the construction and ownership of the canal by the Government of the United States, which is authorized to secure right of way from the countries through which the canal would pass, to purchase the property of and pay for the work done by the Maritime Canal Company on the Nicaragua Canal.

Minors Cannot Be Held as Soldiers

In the United States Circuit Court, Boston, Judge Lowell granted a writ of habeas corpus in the case of Malachi G. Burns, a private in Company C, First Regiment, Heavy Artillery, now stationed at Fort Warren. Burns, who is but eighteen years old, enlisted. His father objected, and petitioned for the writ on the ground that his son, being a minor, was unlawfully in the custody of Colonel Pfaff, and the writ was granted.

War to Furnish Trade Opportunities.

The President has ordered that when the United States obtain military control of the Philippines, Cuba and Porto Rico all American goods are to be admitted duty free. Corporations engaged in farming and planting are exempted from taxes under the War Revenue bill by an amendment adopted by the Senate.

Mules For the Army.

Lieutenant Colonel G. C. Smith, Assistant Quartermaster General, stationed at St. Louis, Mo., has received orders to buy army mules without limit. Mules to the amount of $972,000 have already been bought, and it is estimated that further expenditure will amount to $100,000.

Spain's Naval Weakness.

Admiral Camara informed the Queen Regent that the whole available Spanish naval force consists of eight real war vessels and seven auxiliary cruisers. A large proportion of the warships the Spanish papers are boasting about cannot be made ready for service for months.

Sagasta Still Talks War.

Senor Sagasta declared in an interview that America was the aggressor, and that Spain would maintain "the right of national existence" to the last.

Dr. Swallow Nominated For Governor.

Dr. Silas C. Swallow, the "Fighting Parson," was nominated for Governor by the Prohibitionists of Pennsylvania in their State Convention held at Harrisburg. He is now the candidate of three parties, the Prohibition, the People's and the Honest Government. The platform of the Prohibitionists is the usual declaration of prohibition principles, with a strong bid for popular favor on State issues.

President's Son on Lee's Staff.

Russell B. Harrison, son of ex-President Harrison, has been assigned to General Lee's staff.

The National Game.

Hallman is fielding in his old-time form for Brooklyn.

Pitcher "Dad" Clark has been released by Louisville.

This is Tebeau's tenth year with the Cleveland Club.

Hulen is playing a wonderful game on the Columbus infield.

The Buffalo papers describe Outfielder Lawrence as a wonder.

Kilroy may do a little pitching for the Chicago team this season.

Allen is playing a wonderful game at short field for Indianapolis.

The Louisville Club is trying all sorts of deals for a first-class catcher.

Pitcher Cunningham, of the Louisvilles, has been twirling for twelve years.

Bergen is hitting the ball this season as well as any man on the Boston team.

Clingman, of Louisville, is hitting in far better form than he did last season.

Cincinnati is at present playing in greater luck than any other League team.

Almost every member of the Washington team is a wheelman, and owns a mount.

Donovan has stolen twice as many bases as any other player in the Pittsburg team.

Smith is doing some tall batting for Cincinnati. He leads the League temporarily.

Cleveland will probably farm Sockalexis to Youngstown, and Jimeson, of Philadelphia, will then be the only Indian in the League.

WAR ON A GREAT SCALE.

With Spain's Fleet Bottled Up, Operations Are to Be Pushed.

THREE GRAND EXPEDITIONS.

Spanish Warships to Be Destroyed and Armies Sent Without Delay to Cuba Porto Rico and the Philippines—Escape of the Santiago Fleet Impossible —Troops For the Invasion.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The view is accepted that the Spanish fleet under Admiral Cervera is blockaded in the harbor of Santiago de Cuba, in which event, the naval opinion here is that the fleet has "committed suicide."

It is now no breach of confidence to say that Commodore Schley and Rear Admiral Sampson have Admiral Cervera in their reach, and the Spaniards can be blockaded and starved out. A single heavy American vessel can hold the Santiago harbor's narrow exit, through which the Spaniards could emerge only in single file. The Spanish fleet is very fast; but it is not composed of heavily armored vessels. Indeed, any of Rear Admiral Sampson's battleships could, in the opinion of naval experts, engage the entire Spanish fleet with a fair chance of coming off victorious. The American commander has not only ships for battle, but for the chase as well.

The blockading of the Spanish fleet has given a new and important turn to naval and military operations in the West Indies. For two weeks the necessity of hunting down and disposing of the elusive Spanish fleet has left suspended all plans for the invasion and capture of Spain's West Indian possessions. The presence in the Caribbean Sea

NATIVE QUARTERS OF CAVITE NOW HELD BY DEWEY'S LANDING PARTY.

of Admiral Cervera's cruisers had led directly to the abandonment of Admiral Sampson's feint on San Juan de Porto Rico, and had tied up at Tampa and Key West the transports gathered to carry an American army of invasion to Cuba.

The general scope of the new policy was developed when the President directed the enlargement of the land force of the nation to more than a quarter of a million fighting men and issued orders for the future guidance of the commanders of both land and naval forces, the details of which for obvious reasons cannot be disclosed. It can be stated in a general way, however, that the programme of the Administration contemplates these operations:

1. The destruction of the Spanish war fleet in Cuban waters, or any other fleet Spain may send over to fight.

2. The invasion of Cuba and Porto Rico as soon as the way has been made clear for the safe transport of American troops to those islands.

3. The occupation of the Philippines by an army three times as great as that first intended for that service.

4. The adoption of offensive measures in both Cuba and Porto Rico and the unrelenting prosecution of the war until the Spanish Government has recalled its armed forces or the American troops have driven them out or destroyed them.

5. The ending of the war befor the end of summer.

The plans indicated in the most unmistakeable manner the determination of the President to adopt the most aggressive means that a great army and efficient naval force can inaugurate. All plans are in a measure contingent upon the operations of the fleets.

It is said to be the desire of the Government to strike a blow at Spanish obstinacy by immediately seizing and occupying Porto Rico, an island whose climate is far more healthful than that of Cuba, and whose value for purposes of indemnification at the close of the war is self-apparent. With the aid of a part of Admiral Sampson's fleet, it is thought that San Juan could easily be taken, and the open nature of the country makes it improbable that the Spanish forces can long hold out in the interior of the island.

Reports at the War Department show that there are 13,000 Spanish troops at Porto Rico.

At present there are about 182,000 men in the army, counting the regulars and volunteers. The call for 75,000 men, together with the imunes, will bring the total up to 250,000, or the number which it is thought will be required for the plans now under consideration. These will be divided among the expeditions as follows: About one hundred thousand for the Cuban invasion; at least thirty-five thousand for the Philippines, and perhaps this will be doubled; twenty thousand for Porto Rico, which figure may be reduced. The extra troops sent to the Philippines.

With the Spanish fleet caught in the harbor of Santiago, an interesting question arises as to what fortifications the American ships will have to encounter if they start in after the Spaniards. The entrance to the harbor is not over 200 yards wide. It is even narrower than that of Havana.

Across this entrance the Spaniards have planted three rows of mines. Castle Point, the eastern headland of the harbor, has the more ancient fortifications.

When the St. Louis and Wampatuck were off Santiago cutting the cables they had an action with the forts which gave them a good idea of the strength of the batteries. Morro apparently had no modern gun. One field piece was drawn up just east of Morro and, with another similar gun already there, was all the artillery fired from that point. A short distance east was a small battery.

Inside of Castle Point is a battery of eight-inch mortars. The St. Louis and Wampatuck silenced the battery on the shore, but when they withdrew the mortar battery was still firing.

The American ships would have no difficulty in silencing all the batteries now known, including the mortar battery, if they could get around the point where they could reach them. There is plenty of water in the channel, but only one ship could go in at a time. The mines could be exploded by countermines, thus clearing the channels.

Once inside the harbor there is room enough to manoeuver several ships, but the danger would be that the Spanish ships might defeat the American vessels in detail. The best plan seems to be to sink at the entrance of the harbor one or two large vessels, and leave the Spaniards unable to move.

Naval officers here advance the idea that the Spanish Admiral has no idea of meeting the American fleet, but when he finds he cannot get out of Santiago he may blow up his ships.

SPANISH FLEET IN A TRAP.

Statement Based on Official Dispatches From Cuba to Madrid.

LONDON (By Cable).—The Madrid correspondent of the Daily Mail says:

"Official telegrams from Cuba confirm the report that Rear Admiral Sampson and Commodore Schley, with their combined squadrons, are now in front of Santiago de Cuba, blockading Admiral Cervera.

"Ministers consider that Santiago possesses sufficient defences to resist any aggressive action the enemy may take.

"Great importance is attributed to the latest news from the Philippines respecting the Spanish plan of mobilization."

OFF FOR THE PHILIPPINES.

First Detachment of Manila Army Sails From the Golden Gate.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal. (Special).—The start was made for Manila late Wednesday afternoon, and the first American army to sail for a foreign shore is now on the broad Pacific.

At 4 o'clock Brigadier General Anderson signalled from the Australia for the City of Pekin and the City of Sydney to get under way. The signal was seen from the shore, and the waiting crowds began to cheer wildly. They knew what it meant as well as the captains for whom the signal was intended. No time was lost on board the transports. The crews worked with a will, and in a short time the anchors were up and the vessels were under way.

Then the 2500 soldiers, who had been impatiently awaiting the signal to start, let themselves loose. They climbed to the rigging, and swarmed all over the big ships, shouting and cheering like mad. The bay was alive with small craft of every description, and huge ferryboats were pressed into service to accommodate the eager crowds and carry them to the head of the Golden Gate that a last farewell might be said.

The big transports steamed slowly along the water front, and the crowd on shore raced along to keep them in sight. The noise made by patriotic citizens on sea and shore was something terrific. Every steam whistle in the city appeared to be blowing, cannon were fired, and the din lasted for fully an hour.

Once Australia passed Alcatraz Island, in the lead of other ships, the battery of United States artillery stationed there fired a salute to General Anderson. The colors were dipped in recognition, and the steamships sounded their sirens.

It was shortly after 5 o'clock when the vessels entered the ocean, and the sun shining over the sea gave the departing sailors a last view of the country to fight for the honor of which they were to sail over six thousand miles. When last seen the transport fleet was steaming slowly to the southwest.

After the pilots were dropped the vessels went ahead at full speed, and in six days, if all goes well, they will enter Honolulu Harbor and join the Charleston.

The three transports carried close to 2500 men. The expedition, which is under command of Brigadier General Anderson, consists of four companies of Regulars, under command of Major Bober; the First Regiment, California Volunteers, Colonel Smith; the First Regiment, Oregon Volunteers, Colonel Summers; a battalion of fifty heavy artillery, Major Gary, and about one hundred sailors and eleven naval officers.

The transports are loaded with supplies to last a year, and carry a big cargo of ammunition and naval stores for Admiral Dewey's fleet.

It is thought here that the fleet which left to-day will not keep company with the Charleston after leaving Honolulu. They all carry enough coal to steam at full speed from Honolulu to Manila, while the Charleston, in order to economize coal, will not go faster than ten knots an hour. If the transports do not wait for the cruiser they may be expected to arrive at Manila about June 20.

CIRCUS CAUSES A RUNAWAY.

Two Persons Killed by a Horse Frightened at Elephants.

While Ringling Brothers' circus was parading in Rochester, N. Y., a spirited big black horse, attached to a light delivery wagon, at the sight of the herd of elephants plunged into the crowd. Men, women and children were mowed down in a great swath. Although the horse was soon stopped by an electric light post, there were many prostrate forms in the street, and some of these were unable to rise. All the ambulances in the city were summoned and the badly injured were sent to the five available hospitals. None of the victims died upon the spot, but soon after removal Mrs. James Montgomery and Frederick J. Rubenstein died of their injuries at the Homeopathic Hospital. There were sixteen persons dangerously and severely injured. Several of them were from surrounding towns. Five were women and seven were small children.

The Oregon Puts to Sea.

The battleship Oregon, having made a detour to the east of the West Indies to avoid any possible danger of Spanish warships, reached Jupiter, Fla., reported for immediate service and put to sea again.

Insurgent Army Near Havana Growing.

General Cardenas, commander of the Cuban army in Havana Province, reports daily recruits from the city, to the suburbs of which his forces make frequent raids. All Spanish operations against the insurgents have been abandoned, the troops being held in cities and for coast defense.

Storm Destroys a Church.

A storm in New Jersey washed away the railroad track at Byram. Many outbuildings were destroyed. A church at Lafayette, N. Y., which was struck by lightning, was burned to the ground.

Labor World.

The Workingmen's Union Label League of Covington, Ky., has over 600 members.

The Massachusetts House has rejected the bill for the regulation of bakeries and the hours of labor therein.

The annual convention of the National Association of Letter Carriers will be held in Toledo, Ohio, opening on Labor Day.

Over half a million spindles are idle in Fall River, Mass., four mills having shut down owing to the depression in the print cloth market.

Journeymen plumbers in Kansas City Mo., want their wages raised from $3.20 to $3.75 per day. The gas and steam fitters demand an increase from $3 to $3.50 per day.

The Colorado Federation of Labor has decided not to affiliate with either the American Federation of Labor or the Western Federation of Labor.

The postmen, telegraphers and postoffice clerks of England are about to federate their respective organizations under a scheme that will preserve the autonomy of each.

Stonecutters are demanding the passage by Congress of a law providing that only qualified citizens of the United States shall be permitted to work on Government contracts.

A Chicago judge has decided that the School Board of that city has the right to insert a clause in all contracts providing that none but union labor shall be employed.

Fine Appearance of the Seventy-First.

The officers at Tampa are much impressed by the appearance of the Seventy-first, and say the New Yorkers look like regulars. It is a regiment of tall men. In inches the men are taller than those of any regiment in the regular army. The full complement is twelve companies, comprising forty-six officers and 975 men. In the lines are many lawyers, physicians, dentists and civil engineers.

Increasing Spanish Taxes.

Senor Pulgcerver, Spanish Secretary of the Treasury, said all taxes would have to be increased twenty per cent.

Cycling Notes.

Early morning riding is being indulged in to a greater extent than ever before.

Your bicycle should be thoroughly wiped and cleaned before you attempt to use it.

The cycle path from Albion, N. Y., to Lake Ontario has been so neglected that it is practically worthless.

The first women's cycling club was formed in London in 1887. Mrs. Payne was the founder, and Miss Ellen Terry was the first President.

To those cyclists who ride every day, a handy trouser-clip is made by sewing an ordinary hook and eye on their trousers at the places where the hooks of the trouser-clip usually fasten.

Wheelmen who ride with low or "drop" handle bars are the ones who have stricken their lungs or hearts so as to make them non-acceptable as soldiers.

In a new bicycle tire two small inflated tubes are placed side by side in grooves in the wheel rim, with a ring of solid rubber, extending around the wheel outside of the tubes to form a tread.

Sometimes when there is a squeaking noise the origin of which cannot be found, you will discover that the spring-head is the cause of the trouble. A few drops of oil will stop the irritating noise.

Health, wisdom and peace of mind are along the line of judicious cycling. With the aid of the right sort of a mount any able-bodied person should be able to quickly get rid of surplus rumination and worriment.

A School Girl's Battle.

From The Mail, Milford, Ind.

Miss Emma Rybolt, a prepossessing school girl of Milford, Ind., is of more than usual intelligence, and is ambitious to rise in the literary world.

"In the fall of 1896," said Mrs. Rybolt, "Emma was taken ill. She was a close student and her work began to tell on her. She grew weak, pale and nervous, and complained of pains in her back, chest and limbs. A few weeks passed and she grew worse. The doctor said she was a victim of nervous prostration, and should have been taken from school weeks earlier. She gradually grew worse, her nerves were so tense that the least noise irritated her and she had a fever and a continual twitching in her muscles. The symptoms were much like St. Vitus' dance.

Her Battle.

"A year passed, and, under a change of physicians, Emma became somewhat better but soon was as bad as ever. One day I read of a case similar to hers which was cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and I decided to try them.

"Emma had no faith in proprietary medicines but tried the pills, and after taking a dozen doses, she began to improve. It was about the first of April when she began and by the middle of May, after taking about eight boxes, she was entirely cured.

"While ill, she lost twenty-eight pounds, but now weighs more than ever before. Her nerves are strong and she is in perfect health. We are all confident that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People cured her, and I cheerfully recommend them in all similar cases. MRS. E. A. RYBOLT."

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this third day of September, 1897.

CALEB BAKER, Notary Public.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People will cure all diseases arising from a poor and watery condition of the blood, will build up a run down system and are a specific for paralysis, locomotor ataxia and other diseases long regarded as incurable.

Family History of the Weewees.

Mr. Weewee, who was descended from an old and honored family, was compiling a history of the Weewees, and, being a man of some leisure, he spent a considerable portion of his time in writing to every Weewee, far and near, whose address he could ascertain, his purpose being to gather all the information possible concerning the collateral branches of the family.

This explains his action in writing the following letter one day to Mr. Jasper Weewee, Tucson, Ariz.:

"Dear Sir: Having accidentally seen your name in a paper published in Tucson, I take the liberty of addressing you. I am compiling the records of the family whose name we bear, intending to embody them in a good-sized book, and shall be greatly obliged if you will kindly acquaint me with whatever particulars are in your possession relative to your ancestors, as far back as your knowledge extends, with dates of marriages, deaths, migrations, removals, prominent events in their history, etc. By so doing you will confer a great favor, which I shall be glad to reciprocate by any means in my power. Trusting to hear from you soon, I am, yours truly,

"HORACE ROGERS WEEWEE."

In about two weeks he received this brief answer:

"Dear Sir: I regret that it will be impossible for your illustrious relative, Mr. Jasper Weewee, to comply with your request and give you any of his family history. We hanged him last week for horse-stealing. Yours truly, "LEADER OF REGULATORS."

—Chicago Record.

I cannot speak too highly of Piso's Cure for Consumption.—Mrs. FRANK MOORE, 215 W. 23d St., New York, Oct. 29, 1895.

Postage stamps came into existence about sixty years ago. In 1860 there were about 500 varieties in existence.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.

Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

White glass, and that of extreme purity, was known to the Chinese 2300 years ago.

HEAD ACHE

"Both my wife and myself have been using CASCARETS and they are the best medicine we have ever had in the house. Last week my wife was frantic with headache for two days, she tried some of your CASCARETS, and they relieved the pain in her head almost immediately. We both recommend Cascarets." CHAS. STEDFORD, Pittsburg Safe & Deposit Co., Pittsburg, Pa.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
TRADE MARK REGISTERED
REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe. 10c. 25c. 50c.
... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...
Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 317

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

An Anti-Substitution Victory.

Allen S. Olmsted, of Le Roy, N. Y., whose phrase, "A sample sent free on application," is so ubiquitous in the newspapers, won a signal victory when Justice Laughlin, in Supreme Court, Buffalo, issued a permanent injunction on the ground that the Foot Powder in question was an infringement on *Foot Ease*, the original one, for shaking into shoes, etc. Suits will be brought against all others who imitate his trade mark, powder or sample packages, which packages are sent free. A postal card addressed Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y., gives your feet relief.

In the announcement of marriages in Spain the ages of the contracting parties are always given.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or